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PRUNES, RAISINS, &C,
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The Altoona Tribune.

[INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.]

McCRUM & DERN, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 7. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1862. NO. 17.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

J. McCRUM.....H. C. DERN.
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

One annum, (payable invariably in advance),..... $1,50.
All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

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BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL

ESTABLISHED AS A REFUGE FROM QUACKERY.

The Only Place Where a Cure Can be Obtained.

DR. JOHNSON has discovered the most Certain, Speedy and only Effectual Remedy in the world for all Private Diseases, Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsy, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Tremblings, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those Terrible disorders arising from the Solitary Habits of Youth—those SECRET and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

Especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of Young Men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstasy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married Persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformity, &c., speedily cured.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS

Immediately Cured, and full Vigor Restored.

This Distressing Affection—which renders Life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes Deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility, a Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

OFFICE, NO. 7 SOUTH FREDERICK STREET,

Left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe name and number.

Letters must be paid and contain a stamp. The Doctor's Diplomas hang in his office

A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.

No Mercury or Nauseous Drugs.

DR. JOHNSON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.

THESE are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsy, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects of the mind are much to be dreaded—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of spirits, Evil-Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

THOUSANDS of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN

Who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons MUST, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to "that Undiscovered Country from whence no traveller returns."

It is a *melancholy fact* that thousands fall victims to this terrible disease, owing to the unskilfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that *Deadly Poison, Mercury*, ruin the constitution and make the residue of life miserable.

STRANGERS

Trust not your lives, or health to the care of the many Unlearned and Worthless Pretenders, destitute of knowledge, name or character, who copy Dr. Johnston's advertisements, or style themselves, in the newspapers, regularly Educated Physicians, incapable of Curing, they keep you trifling month after month, taking their filthy and poisonous compounds, or as long as the smallest fee can be obtained, and in despair, leave you with ruined health to sigh over your galling disappointment.

Dr. Johnston is the only Physician advertising.

His credential or diplomas always hang in his office.

His remedies or treatment are unknown to all others, prepared from a life spent in the great hospitals of Europe, the first in the country and a more extensive *Private Practice* than any other Physician in the world.

INDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.

The many thousands cured at this Institution, year after year, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the "Sun," "Clipper," and many other papers, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentlemen of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.

No letters received unless post-paid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Persons writing should state age and send portion of advertisement describing symptoms.

Persons writing should be particular in directing their letters to this Institution, in the following manner:

JOHN M. JOHNSTON, M. D.,
Of the Baltimore Lock Hospital, Maryland.

Choice Poetry.

"LIST OF THE KILLED."

Mothers who sit in dumb terror and dread,
Holding that terrible list,
Fearing to look least you see mid the dead
The name of the boy you have kissed—

Kissed e'en as those in anguish and pain,
Kiss precious faces of clay.
E'en as you would had you shuddering lain,
That dear one in grave-robes away.

I pity you, sitting with faces as white,
Striving to parry the blow;
I know how that name will torture your sight,
Can fathom the depth of your woe.

By the pang that rent my desolate heart,
By this crushing weight of despair,
I know how you too will shudder and start,
Reading that dear-loved name there.

I know you'll hush that passionate cry,
Thinking of him as he lies,
With beautiful face upturned to the sky,
Death veiling the glorious eyes.

"Fighting he fell!" Does a feeling of pride
Lighten your grief as you think,
How brave was the boy that went from your side—
How he would not falter or shrink!

The mothers's love triumphs. Men call women weak,
Ah, well, perhaps it is so!
I know there are tears e'en now on my cheek
For the boy that's lying so low.

I know that I start at each step on the stair,
With a wistful glance turn toward the door,
Thinking, perchance, that my darling is there—
Peace, heart, he can come nevermore.

But still there's a thought that covers my woe—
Above there's a glorified list;
And one day I'll hear with rapturous glow
The name of the boy I have kissed.

Select Miscellany.

THE WISSAHIKON CLIFF.

BY GEORGE LIPPARD.

THERE are days in Winter when the air is very soft and balmy, like the early days of Summer; when, in fact, that glad maiden May seems to blow her warm breath in the grim face of February, until the rough old warrior laughs again.

It was on a day like this that the morning sunshine was streaming over a high rock, that frowns there, far above the Wissahikon.

A high rock, attainable only by a long, winding path fenced in by the trunks of giant pines, whose boughs, in the coldest days of winter, form a canopy overhead.

This rock is covered with a carpet of evergreen moss. And near this nook—this chamber in the forest, for it was nothing less—sat an old man, separated from it by trunks of the pines, whose boughs concealed his form.

That old man had come here alone, to think over his two sons, now freezing at Valley Forge—for though the father was a Tory, yet his children were Continentals. He was a well-meaning man, but some half crazy idea about the divine right of the British Pope, George the Third, to rule this continent, and murder and burn as he pleased, lurked in his brain, and kept him back from the camp of Washington.

And now, in this bright morning in February, he had come here alone to think the matter over.

And while he was pondering this deep matter over, whether George the Pope or George the Rebel was in the right, he heard the tramp of a war-steed not far off, and looking between the trunks of the pines, he saw a man of noble presence dismount from his grey horse and then advance into the quiet nooks of moss-covered rocks, encircled by giant pines.

And now, leaving the tory to look upon this man for himself, let us look also on him with our own eyes.

As he comes through those thick boughs, you behold a man more than six feet high, with kingly form enveloped in a coarse, grey overcoat, a *chapeau* on his bold forehead—and beneath the skirts of that grey coat you may see the military boots and the end of the scabbard.

And who is this man of kingly presence, who comes here alone, to pace this moss covered rock with drooped head and folded arms?

Come my friends, and look upon him—let me show you—not this figure of mist and frost-work, which some historians have called Washington—but Washington, the living, throbbing flesh and blood Washington. Yes, *Washington, the man*. Look upon him as he paces that moss-covered rock—see that eye burn; that muscular chest heave under the folded arms.

Ah, he is thinking of Valley Forge!—Of the bloody foot-prints in the snow—of those three hidden figures that sat down in the huts of Valley Forge together—disease, and starvation, and nakedness.

Look as those dark thoughts crowd on his soul, he falls on his knees, he prays the God of heaven to take his life as an offering for his native land. And as that prayer startles the still woods, that grey coat falls open and discloses the blue gold uniform—the epaulette and the sword hilt.

Then the agony of that man, praying there in the silent woods—praying for his country, now bleeding in her chains—speaks out, in the flashing of the eye, in the beaded sweat, dripping from his brow.

Ah, kings of the world, planning so cooly your schemes of murder, come here and look for George Washington, as he offers his life a sacrifice for his country.

Ah, George of England, British Pope, and good-natured idiot that you are, now counting in your royal halls how many more men it will take to murder a few thousand peaceful farmers, and make a nation drink your tea, come here to this rock of the Wissahikon, and see, king and pope as you are, George Washington in council with his God.

My friends, I can never think of that man in the wilds of Wissahikon—praying there alone,—praying for his country, with the deep agony in his brow—without also thinking of that dark night in Gethsemane, when the blood drops started from the brow of Jesus, the blessed Redeemer, as he plead for the salvation of the world.

Now look! As Washington kneels there on that moss-covered rock, from those green boughs steps forth another form—tall as his own—clad in a coarse grey coat, with the boots and scabbard seen below its skirts, and a *chapeau* on his brow.

That stranger emerges from the boughs, stands there unperceived, gazing in silence upon the kneeling warrior.

A moment passes!

Look! Washington has risen to his feet: he confronts the stranger.

Now, as that stranger, with a slight bow, uncovered his forehead, tell me did you ever see a stronger or a stranger resemblance between two men than between these two, who now confront each other in silence under the shade of those dark pines?

And as these two men, so strangely alike, meet there by accident under that canopy of boughs—one wandering from Valley Forge, one from Philadelphia—let me tell you at once, that the stranger is none other than the master-butcher of the idiot king—Sir William Howe.

Yes, there they met—the one the impersonification of Freedom, the other the tinselled lacquey of a Tyrant's will.

We listened to their conversation: it is brief, but important.

For a moment the British general stood spell-bound before the man whom he had crossed the ocean to entrap and bring home, the rebel who had lifted his hand against the right divine of the British pope! To that British general there was something awful about the soldier who could talk with his God as Washington had talked a moment ago.

"I cannot be mistaken!" at last said Sir William Howe; "I behold before me the chieftain of the rebel army, Mr. Washington."

Washington coldly bowed his head.

"Then this is a happy hour, for we together can give peace and freedom to this land."

At this word, Washington started with surprise, advanced a step, and then exclaimed:

"And who, sir, are you, that thus boldly promises peace and freedom to my country?"

"The commander of His Majesty's forces in America!" said Howe, advancing along the wood-hidden rock toward Washington. "And oh, sir, let me tell you that the king, my master, has heard of your virtues, which alone dignify the revolt with the name of a war, and it is to you he looks for the termination of this most disastrous contest."

Then Washington, whose pulse had never quickened before all the panoply of British arms, felt his heart flutter in his bosom as that great boon was before his eyes—peace and freedom to his native land!

"Yes," continued Howe, advancing another step, "my king looks to you for the termination of this unnatural war. Let rebellion once be crushed; let the royal name be finally established by your influences, and then behold the gratitude of King George to Washington!"

As he spoke he placed in the hands of Washington a massive parchment—sealed with the broad seal of England, and signed with the name of King George.

Washington took the parchment—opened it—read—his face did not change a muscle.

And yet the parchment named Mr. George Washington "GEORGE DUKE WASHINGTON OF MOUNT VERNON, *our well-beloved servant*, VICEROY OF AMERICA!"

Here was a boon for the Virginia planter—here was a title and here a power for the young man, who was one day struggling for his life away there amid floating ice on the dark Allegheny river.

For a moment the face of Washington was buried in the parchment, and then, in a low, deep voice he spoke:

"I have been thinking" he said, "of the ten thousand brave men who have been massacred in this quarrel. I have been thinking of the dead of Bunker Hill, Lexington, Quebec, Trenton, yes the dead of Saratoga, Brandywsne, Germantown—"

"And," cried Howe, starting forward, "you will pnt an end to this unhappy quarrel?"

"And your king," continued Washington, with a look and tone that would have cut into a heart of marble, "would have me barter the bones of the dead for a ribbon and a title!"

And then, while Howe shrunk cowering back, that Virginia planter, Washington, crushing that parchment into the sod with his warrior boot—yes, trampled that royal name into one mass of rags and dust:

"That is my answer to your King."

And then he stood with scorn on his brow and in his eye, his outstretched arm pointing at that minion of King George.

Wasn't that a picture for the pencil of an angel? And now the British general, recovering from his first emotion, grew red as his uniform with rage.

"Your head," he gasped, clenching his hand, "your head will yet redden the traitor's block!"

Then Washington's hand sought his sword; then his fierce spirit awoke within him, it was his first impulse to strike the braggart into the dust. But in a moment he grew calm.

"Yours is a good and great king," he said in his usual stern tone. "At first he determined to sweep a whole continent with but five thousand men, but he soon finds that five thousand men must swell to twenty-five thousand before he can even begin his work of murder. Then he sacrifices his own subjects by thousands—and butchers peaceful farmers by tens of thousands—and yet his march of victory is not even begun. Then, if he conquers the capital city of the continent, victory is sure! Behold! the city is in his grasp, yet still the hosts of freedom defy him, even from the haunts of Valley Forge!—And now, as a last resource your king comes to a man whose head yesterday was sought, with a high reward to grace the gates of London. And yet that rebel crushes into atoms the name of such a king!"

Ah, never spaniel skulked from the kick of his master as that General Howe cringed away from the presence of Washington—mounted his horse—was gone!

One word with regard to the ancient tory, who beheld this scene from yonder bushes with alternate wonder, admiration and fear. That tory went home.

"I have seen General Washington at prayer," he said to his wife. "The man who can trample upon the name of a king as he did—pray to God as he prayed—that man can not be a rebel or a bad man. To-morrow I will join my sons at Valley Forge!"

A LIVE YANKEE IN LONDON.

BY GEORGE W. BUNGAY.

A live Yankee, from the Green Mountains of Vermont, visited the city of London. While passing through one of the principal thoroughfares of trade and travel, his attention was suddenly arrested by some beautiful specimens of writing-paper, exposed for sale at a shop window. Seeing the proprietor of the establishment standing at the door, the Yankee civilly inquired of him what he did with "them nice bits of paper."

"We keep them to tie up *gape seed* in," said the cockney, snappishly.

"O, ye du—du ye?" said Jonathan, while he looked as though he was inventing a trick with which he intended to pay off the impertinent cockney in his own coin. Passing down the street a few steps, our indignant Yankee saw another merchant, who was not only an Englishman, but a gentleman also.

"I say, mister, can yon tell me what that feller does for a livin' what keeps them ere nice bits of paper at the window."

"Yes, sir; he is a small dealer in paper, and a sort of scribe. He writes letters for those persons who desire his assistance."

"I reckon he is a very *small* dealer, and that he is a *pharisee* as well as a scribe.—De ye think he'd write a letter for me if I pay him for it?"

"Certainly he will and jump at the chance. That is his principal occupation."

The Yankee thrust his hands (I might add arms) into his pockets almost up to his elbows, for he felt the sting in the waspish words uttered by the paper dealer, and walked back to the shop where he had been so rudely treated.

"I say, mister, they say as how you sell paper and write letters for folks what can't write. What will ye tax to write a letter to my sister Sally?"

"I shall charge you five shillings," replied the Englishman, softening his tone as his government does since it has heard of our great victories.

"Will ye write jest what I tell ye, and spell the words right, as we do in Varmount?" inquired the Yankee.

"To be sure I will. I understand my business perfectly."

"Well I don't care if ye du; I guess you may write to Sally."

The Londoner procured pen, ink and paper, and the Yankee commenced dictating after the following style:

"'Dear sister Sally,'

"Hev you got that down?"

"Yes."

"'Rived in London last week.'

"Hev ye got that down and spelt right?"

"Yes—go on."

"'Thought I'd go into the country and take a ride.'

"Got that down right?"

"Yes, yes—go on; and don't detain me so."

"I pay ye five shillings, don't I, by and by?"

"Yes, yes—but you need not detain me so."

"That's my business and not yourn. 'Wal the old mare baulked.'

"Baulked is a hard word; can you spell baulked so that Sally will know what it means?"

"To be sure I can."

"Wal I don't care ef ye du."

"'She wouldn't go, so I licked her.'

"Well go on."

"'Licked her, licked her, licked her.'"

"What is the use of saying it so many times?"

"None of yer business. I pay you five shillings—'licked her, licked her, licked her, licked her, licked her, licked her,'"

"This page is full of licked her's."

"Turn over then; 'licked her, licked her, licked her, licked her, licked her.—She wouldn't go then, so I got out and I kicked her, kicked her, kicked her, kicked her, kicked her, kicked her.'"

"You are not intending to say that as many times as you said licked her."

"None of your business. I pay you five shillings: 'kicked her, kicked her, kicked her, kicked her, kicked her. She wouldn't go then, so I sharpened the end of the whip handle, and I pricked her, pricked her, pricked her, pricked her, pricked her.'"

"I cannot see any sense in all this."

"Never you mind, I pay you for what you do; 'licked her, kicked her, pricked her, licked her, kicked her, kicked her, pricked her, kicked her, kicked her, kicked her, pricked her, licked her, kicked her, kicked her, pricked her. She would not go then, so I got in and I'"——(here the Yankee made a chirrupping noise with his lips which bids defiance to orthography.)

"I cannot spell that," said the Englishman.

"O, ye can't spell that, ha? Wal, ye needn't write any more for me, if ye can't spell that."

"Need not write any more," said the cockney with a look of astonishment.

"No more," said the Yankee, perfectly composed.

"Not a word to close with?"

"Nary a word."

"You will pay me for what I have written?"

"Not a red. You didn't write down all I told you tu."

"Well, sir, what am I to do with all this paper I have spoiled?"

"*Keep it to tie up gape seed in.*"

The correspondent of the London Times, who has made so many false predictions may now have his paper for a similar purpose.

FUNNY BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.—The Pittsburgh *Dispatch*, of the 21st inst., tells the following:—A jolly Isishman, whose name we will not mention, was waited upon yesterday by one of the Sheriff's officers, had a capias exhibited to him, and a short time subsequent found himself in prison, not being able to find bail for his appearance at the District Court, at a certain date to answer a marriageable female in a suit for breach of promise. The matter, however, was amicably arranged, by the plaintiff and defendant being made "one flesh" in the jail office, a Catholic clergyman performing the ceremony in due form.

The defendant told the following story, in substance: Some time ago he was at a pa-arty, and in the midst of the hilarity of the evening a clergyman appeared collecting money for religious or charitable purposes. Addressing the defendant on the object of his visit, he received a reply about as follows:—

Sure 'un if ye marry me I'll give ten dollars.

Reverend—Certainly; where is the lady?

Guest—The nearest one to me. (To whom he had been paying close attention during the evening.)

Reverend—I'll announce the banns on Sabbath next.

The ten dollars were given, the matter dropped for the evening, and the next day was forgotten entirely, at least by one of the parties. Judge of the jolly Irishman's surprise, yesterday, when the Sheriff's officer waited upon him with a capias to answer for breach of promise, the suitor being the damsel who sat nearest him on the evening of the pa-arty, and during his colloquy with the reverend gentlennan.

☞ A young lady who had lately gave an order to a milliner for a bonnet, said: "You are to make it plain, and at the same time smart, as I sit in a conspicuous place in church."

☞ The ladies may not go much upon the higways, but they are complained of by their husbands as being very much addicted to buy-ways.

THE KING AND THE SOLDIER.

Frederick of Prusia had a great mania for enlisting gigantic soldiers into the Royal Guards, and paid an enormous bounty to his recruiting officers for getting them. One day the recruiting sergeant chanced to espy a Hibernian who was at least seven feet high; he accosted him in English and proposed that he should enlist. The idea of military life and a large bounty so delighted Patrick that he immediately consented.

"But," said the sergeant, "unless you can speak German, the king will not give you so much."

"Och, be jabers," said the Irishman, "shure it's I that don't know a word of German."

"But," said the sergeant, "three words will be sufficient, and these you can learn in a short time. The king knows every man in the Guards. As soon as he sees you he will ride up and ask you how old you are; you will say, twenty-seven; next how long have you been in the service, you must reply three weeks, finally, if you are provided with clothes and rations, you answer, both."

Pat soon learned to pronounce his answers, but never dreamed of learning questions. In three weeks he appeared before the king in review. His majesty rode up to him. Paddy stepped forward with present arms.

"How old are you?" said the king.

"Three weeks," said the Irishman.

"How long have you been in the service," asked his majesty.

"Twenty-seven years."

"Am I or you a fool?" roared the king.

"Both," who was instantly taken to the guard house, but pardoned by the king when he understood the facts of the case.

PROVERBS OF ALL NATIONS.

There is no better looking-glass than a faithful friend.

The worst of the law is that one suit breeds a score.

The abuse of riches is worse than the want of them.

The blood of the soldier makes the glory of the general.

To whom you betray your secret you give your liberty.

The head and feet keep warm, the rest take no harm.

Trade and commerce are universally cheating by general consent.

Try your friend with a falsehood; if he keep it, tell him the truth.

What good can it do an ass to be called a lion.

Wolves sometimes loose their teeth, but not their nature.

Wise men learn by others' harm—fools by their own.

Whoever is servant to the fox must bear up his tail.

Where the hedge is lowest men generally leap over.

Where every one takes care of himself care is taken by all.

When good cheer is lacking, our friends will be packing.

Who practice not virtue in youth cannot fly sin in old age.

Worlds are nothing but wind, but seeing is believing.

When a proud man hears another praised he thinks himself injured.

ORIENTAL WIT.—A young man, going a journey, entrusted a hundred *deenars* to an old man. When he came back the old man denied having had any money deposited with him, and he was hauled up before the Khazee.

"Where were you young man when you delivered this money?"

"Under a tree."

"Take my seal an summons that tree," said the Judge. "Go, young man, and tell the tree to come hither, and the tree will obey you when you show it my seal."

The young man went in wonder. After he had gone some time the Khazee said to the old man—

"He is long. Do you think he has got there yet?"

"No," said the old man, "it is at some distance. He has not got there yet."

"How knowest thou, old man," cried the Khazee, "where that tree is?"

The young man returned and said the tree would not come.

"He has been here, young man, and given his evidence. The money is thine."

DIXIE-DOM IN PARIS.—The French correspondent of the London Star says: Mr. and Mrs. Slidell are personally well received in private circles, and not received at all in the official world. Their manners are considered pleasing, and their dinners are all that they should be. But still they are regarded as the representatives of a slave aristocrasy—a thing that the highest breeding and the best cook in the world would not get over in the circles which they win round to their cause. The inmates of the United States Legation are, on the other hand, exceedingly fortunate in representing a popular cause, and having the name amongst the French of representing it worthily.

Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1862.

Gen. Butler in New Orleans.

A rapid and wholesome reaction is taking place in the famous city of New Orleans since its occupation by the Federal forces under Gen. Butler. The mass of the citizens seem to regard the establishment of law, order and stable government with anything else than disapproval.—The loyal sentiments of the people have been so long repressed by a petty but brutal despotism, that it could not be expected that they would at once find free and spontaneous expulsion. Yet the tone of the City Press even now, is far from unfriendly to the Federal authority. The waves of popular tumult are gradually subsiding. Business is seeking its wonted channels; the citizens are gradually becoming reconciled to Gen. Butler's martial rule. Gen. Butler unquestionably possesses administrative talent of a high order. He is the right man in the right place. He seems to understand instinctively how to manage the heterogeneous elements he has to deal with. Too much has it been the fashion for our authorities to treat conquered cities and people as if the latter were the conquerors, allowing the National Flag to be insulted, the soldiery to be spit upon by masculine women and cowardly blackguards. All such mouths should be gagged. Gen. Butler has shown a determination to suppress such disgraceful demonstrations. These Southern women are a strange mixture of pride, vulgarity and heathenism. Butler has put them down to their proper level. No position can be too low for such meretricious elements. Beauregard tells the "chivalry" that they ought to burn for an opportunity to resent this indignity to the defiant dames and spit-fires of the South. They will soon have an opportunity. Our gallant "Pea Ridge" and "Donelson" boys regard the "chivalry" as far less dangerous than their women. Butler also very unceremoniously clipped the wings of Hon. Pierre Soule's chivalry in its defiant flight. We have no doubt that under the present wise and judicious administration of affairs in that late crippled and prostrated city, all the citizens who are worthy of the name will soon return to their allegiance; those who are not, will be kept where they belong—under foot of power. Then will she in a short time prosper as in days of yore under the old Flag. Her restless and combustible spirits who erewhile jubilantly sang "Picayune Butler's *coming to town*," may now change the tune to "Picayune Butler's *come to town*."

☞ The County Committee of the Peoples' Party met on Tuesday at Hollidaysburg. We understand they had a full turn out and that their proceedings were marked with a unanimity of feeling and sentiment, that looks well for the future of the organization. The Committee called a County Convention for Tuesday, the 17th day of June, at 11 o'clock A. M. at Hollidaysburg. We appenn the card below. It will be seen it is broad enough for all loyal Union men to stand on. This is as it should be at a time like this:

People's Union County Convention of Blair County.

The people of Blair county in favor of sustaining the present National and State Administrations, in their patriotic efforts to maintain the integrity of the Union and to crush out this unholy rebellion, by every power of the Government, are requested to select *two* Delegates from each Ward, Borough, or Township in the county, to meet in County Convention, at Hollidaysburg, on Tuesday, 17th day of June, A. D, 1862, at 11 o'clock A. M. of said day, to nominate candidates for county officers, appoint Congressional and Senatorial Conferees, as well as select delegates to the Harrisburg Convention, and take such other steps as may be deemed advisable for the honor and welfare of our State and country.

The Delegates meeting to be held the Saturday previous, in the Boroughs between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock P. M., and in the Township between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock P. M

CRAWFORD IRWIN, Chairman.
JACOB BURLEY, Sec'y.

☞ The horse contractor of the *Whig* is out in a long article again on the sins of the world. Let the world beware. He is trying to throw some one off their guard. The horse thief is always the first one to hollow. Watch the old hypocrite.

☞ Brotherline talks about persons deceiving their constituents. Not so in your case, John. You never got that far.—The constituents always cruelly deceive you before or at the polls. That's so *Sheriff*, ain't it?

The "Unkindest Cut of all."

Mr. John Brotheline, editor of the *Blair County Whig* is given to making *mistakes*—to speak more plainly, he is considerably of a liar. He seems never to avoid a chance of falsifying where he has an even show of doing so. A week or so ago he published a long, and of course *well written* article stating that the Pennsylvania Rail Road Company had raised the freight on coal from the mountain to Hollidaysburg from thirty to fifty cents a ton, and winding up by a bitter and silly attack on the Rail Road Company. This brought out the coal shippers from the mountain in the card we insert below, taken from the Hollidaysburg *Register* of May 21st. Did ever a fellow get a more withering rebuke? They publish the card to preserve their "own interests and the interests of our town," from the attack made on it and them by this trickster and demagogue.—Verily, Mr. Brotherline, you have a hard time drawing the "hard cash." We insert the card:

To the Editor of the Register:—As citizens of this borough, for some time since, and now engaged in the shipping of coal from the Allegheny Mountain to Hollidaysburg, we cannot let the article in last week's *Whig* pass unnoticed, it is so unfair to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and in justice to our own interest and the interests of our town, we wish to publish the following:

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, had contemplated raising the toll on coal from 30 to 50 cts. per ton, to take effect on the 1st of June next, but the undersigned had a satisfactory interview with the officers of said company, and they agreed to let the toll remain as it is at present.

We favored the Repeal of the Tonnage Tax, and will further state that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have given us the benefit of it, which is a considerable item in our business.

SAMUEL LEMON.
JAMES M. COOPER & CO.
WATSON, DENNISTON & CO.

GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES.—Numerous exaggerated statements have been published in reference to the current expenses of the Government. They were reiterated by Mr. Voorhees, in his violent speech against the administration, placing the present expenditures at three million of dollars per day, and the present debt at one thousand and five hundred millions, with twelve millions more to be added for the emancipation of slaves. This astounding announcement occasioned several calls upon the Secretary of the Treasury for accurate information on the subject. An examination of the Register's accounts shows that our expenditures, from the 1st of April, 1861, to April 1st, 1862, do not average more than one million of dollars per day, and that the total expenditures for the fiscal year will not exceed the estimate made in the able report of the Secretary of the Tresury. There is reason to believe that the actual figures will not vary ten millions from that estimate.

INTERESTING TO TEACHERS.—Section first of the supplement to "An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by Common Schools," passed by our last Legislature, and approved by the Governor, provides that the word *month*, in all future agreements with teachers, shall mean *twenty-two* days, of which twenty, exclusive, of Saturdays, are to be devoted to the instruction of the pupils in the schools, and two Saturdays, to be designated by the Board, to the improvement of the teachers, by means of the District Institute, or other appropriate exercises. It makes it obligatory on both the board and teachers to observe these Saturday exercises.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—The June number of this most welcome monthly visiter is before us. The article "On Walking," by Henry D. Thoreau, is full of pleasing fancies and happy suggestions, but it makes us melancholy to reflect that the hand that penned them now lies cold in death. "The Health of Our Girls," by F. W. Higginson, will of course be perused. The first portion of "The Horrors of St. Domingo" is given in this No. Agassiz continues his valuable papers on the "Methods of Study in Natural History," and there are a dozen of other articles and contributions, all good, which we have no room to specify.

☞ The editor of the *Whig* don't know how to spell *his own* name. In noticing the fact that some one broke into Squire Bowers' grocery store in Hollidaysburg, he spells rogue, "Rouges." Can he spell *Forgery* correct?

☞ The *Whig* man says he is for "Rule or Ruin." You might get both "J. B.," because any one who permits you to rule will be sure to be ruined.

☞ Will the pious editor of the *Whig* please answer our questions put to him weeks ago?

THE RAILROADS WANTED.—Quartermaster General Meigs has just issued the following order: By virtue of the authority vested by the act of Congress, the President takes *military possession of all the railroads in the United States from and after this date, until further orders*, and directs that the respective railroad companies, their officers and servants shall hold themselves in readiness for the transportation of troops and munitions of war as may be ordered by the military authorities, to the exclusion of all other business. By order of the Secretary of War.

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ We learn from the Juniata county papers that the small-pox is raging in some parts of that county.

☞ Now that the Merrimac is destroyed, the rebel navy is reduced to one steamer, the Nashville, one tug, the tag of war.

☞ Missourians say that the State Convention, which meets on the first Monday in June, will adopt the gradual emancipation policy.

☞ Something of a fall.—The Harrisburg market opened, a few mornings since, with butter at 25 cts. per lb. Before the market closed it retailed at 14 cts per lb.

☞ There is a deed on file in Cambridge which describes a piece of land as bounded by "stumps and stones, where Daniel Harrington licked William Smith."

☞ The Nashville *Union* of the 18th inst., says: "Yesterday the streets were alive with drays and wagons hauling cotton from the depot to the river."

☞ The late news from abroad is healthful. It is ascertained that the rumors of foreign intervention have been creations of the secessionists, without foundation in fact.

☞ Three iron-clad gunboats are in course of construction at St. Louis, by Messrs. Brown, McCord & Sanger. They are to cost altogether $450,000, and two of the hulls now on the stocks at Cairo are nearly completed.

☞ A Washington dispatch says that Captain Ericsson has planned a large seagoing Monitor, with a single turret, plated with iron 24 inches thick, and armed with two guns, carrying a ball 1,000 pounds in weight.

☞ A train of seventeen wagons, laden with Government stores, which left Rolla, Mo., on Monday, was overtaken, when about twenty miles out on the Springfield road, by a band of rebel guerrillas, who burned the wagons and contents, and carried of all the mules, eighty-six in number.

☞ Letters from Port Royal announce the appearance of a dangerous disease among the horses there, which threatens to become contagious.—Twenty had been shot, and a large number removed from camp to prevent the spread of the disease.

☞ On the 25th of August, the one thousandth anniversay of the Empire of Russia, the government will be declared changed from an autocratic to a constitutional form. The Grand Duke Constantine is the initiator of this movement. Prince Gortzchakoff is also in favor of the plan.

☞ Some scoundrel recently entered the office of the Johnstown *Tribune* and stole the editors files of that paper, for three years past, and carried them to a store and sold them for wrapping paper. We can sympathize with Col. Bowman, in his misfortune, and hope that he may be able to discover the thief.

☞ Strange coincidence.—The Harrisburg *Telegraph* and Pittsburgh *Chronicle*, of Thursday last, contain exactly the same article in reference to the politeness of an Irishman on a railroad car, with the exception that the *Telegraph* locates the incident on the Reading R. R., while the *Chronicle* locates it on the Penn'a R. R. Both stole the item, we'll bet a hat.

☞ One of a party of Congressmen who visited Norfolk recently, seeing the stars and stripes near a place where the Government was feeding the poor of the city, a great throng, cried out, "three cheers for the old flag." An old man, who subsequently explained that he fought for the flag in 1812, alone responded. All the other recipients of Uncle Sam's bounty were doggedly silent, and one red faced woman shouted, "Three cheers for Jeff. Davis."

LATEST FROM MEMPHIS PAPERS.—The *Argus* of the 15th has the following despatch from Natchez, dated the 13th: Two schooners and three gunboats anchored in the river opposite this place. We have a further report to the effect that the gunboats had sent a yawl with a flag of truce, and bearing a demand for the surrender of the city. As the yawl landed a number of people had gathered to witness the proceedings, and the men from the boat requested that some one in the crowd should take the despatches and deliver them to the Mayor. None could be found willing to accommodate the Yankees, until at last they prevailed upon a fisherman to carry the note to the Mayor. When he delivered the document, and it was found to contain a demand for the surrender of the city, a crowd of exasperated citizens took the fisherman and hung him. The Mayor refused to surrender, and the gunboats gave them to ten o'clock to-day to determine what they should do.

A special despatch from Corinth to the Memphis *Appeal*, of the 17th, says:—Two Federal prisoners, captured by our pickets to-day, on the Purdy road, state that Halleck is waiting for us to make the attack. The prospects for a general engagement seem to grow distant. This has been observed as a day of fasting and prayer by our army, as far as was consistent with military duties. Rev. Dr. Palmer delivered most stirring and eloquent sermons to our troops—in the morning to Gen. Hindman's division, and in that of General Hardee in the evening. The heated term and drouth have set in. The Tennessee is falling fast.

DISTRESS IN ENGLAND.—In the last number of *Once a Week*, there is a curious article entitled "Where the flag, there the Family," which begins by portraying the miseries in England resulting from the war in this country, and concludes by an appeal for the poor women of England. Here are a few of the writer's facts. He says that many of the Lancashire mills are closed for the want of cotton, and while there is an abundance of silk at Coventry, there is no demand for ribbons. The workhouses are filled to overflowing with young women and girls. Ont of three millions of English women, of fitting years for work, two millions are at work for their living; and the number of marriageable women, who have no prospects of obtaining husbands at home, is six hundred thousand.—Those who enjoy the privilege of sewing for a living, usually only nhut fifty dollars per annum; and the writer states that, out of one hundred and eighty-four ladies whom he knew to be thus supported, one hundred and twenty-four were unmarried daughters of professional men. As the remedy for all these evils, the writer suggests that the poor women of glorious and proud England shall be herded together and sent off to New Zealand, British Columbia and other inhospitable regions.—From all this it would seem that England is oppressed with something quite as bad, and very much like slavery.

AN UNPRECEDENTED RUN AT BILLIARDS.—A great game of billiards was played at Owens' billiard saloon, Syracuse, last Wednesday. The game was one of 100 between a Mr. Way and Wm. Owens, the keeper of the billiard saloon. Owens played caroms and discount against his opponent's full game, Owens nursed the balls, got them in the jam, and retained them there till he had made the unprecedented run of 4,005 points, mostly upon a white and red ball. The last play made by Mr. Owens was a five shot and he then relinquished the cue from sheer exhaustion. The play began at 3½ and ended at 8 P. M.

FROM GEN. BANKS' ARMY.

THE FIGHT AT FRONT ROYAL

Official Account of the Attack and Retreat.

BALTIMORE, May 26.—The following is the statement of the fight at Front Royal by Captain George Smith, of the 1st Maryland Regiment, who succeeded in making his escape:—About 1 o'clock on Saturday afternoon a negro, mounted on horseback, came dashing into camp, crying out that the rebels were coming in great numbers, and they will surround you and cut you off.

At first the men laughed at him, stating that they had waited too long for them, and they did not believe a word of it—as soon, however, as Col. Kenley saw the man, he became satisfied of the rebels' approach. The long roll was beaten, the men responded,, springing heartily to their arms and forming in line by company, and very soon the rebels made their appearance.

Strange to say, not a single gun was fired by the pickets of the regiment. It may have been that in consequence of a sudden turn in the road they were surprised and captured. Company A was ordered to deploy as skirmishers and support a section of Knapp's Pennsylvania battery, which mustered about forty men.

In the meantime the Lieut. Col. of the 29th infantry, with a small detachment of his men, who had been acting as a pioneer corps, also formed and prepared to receive the enemy.

Our battery was soon engaged and discharged shot and shell for nearly two hours, and until their ammunition had almost been expended. The firing was spirited, and there is no doubt of its efficacy.

Unable however, to withstand such an overwhelming force, the order was given to retire, which was done, and the entire column moved over the Shenandoah river, the retreat being covered by a company of the 5th New York cavalry, about eighty strong.

Whilst passing over the bridge the Captain distinctly saw the rebel force. There was a very strong column of cavalry, say four squadrons of eight companies, and five regiments of infantry.—Of this force two regiments of infantry and two of cavalry were fording the stream, the water being very low.

The order "double quick" was given, and the Union troops took to the pike, where another stand was made, Colonel Kenley addressing the men and telling, them that their only chance was to stand and fight to the last, especially as the rebel cavalry were fast pushing on and displaying a black flag.

Capt. Smith states that he did not see them display the white flag, as was represented in a previous account. A second stand was made and many shots exchanged, when the New York cavalry, who were still in the rear of the column, broke and retreated, riding pell-mell through the ranks of the infantry.

A party of the Maryland command retreated to a wheat field and then made still another stand, firing rapidly and with deliberate precision.

Presently on came the rebel cavalry, cutting right and left, terribly yelling like Indians. In some instances neither the dying nor wounded were spared, and in two instances the Captain saw the rebels draw their pistols and shoot them in the head whilst lying on the roadside. The Captain told the men they had better return to the pike and escape as best they could.

He had not proceeded far when a cavalry officer rode up to him and demanded his sword and pistol, which he threw upon the ground—the rebel at the same time drawing a pistol upon him. In the confusion, however, he succeeded in regaining his pistol, and observing a rebel shoot one of the First Maryland regiment, he drew it and shot him, and succeeded, with the aid of Lieut. Camphor, in securing the rebel's horse and riding off.

After proceeding about two miles, they came across the ambulance in which Col. Kenley lay, attended by Surgeon Mitchell, of the regiment.—The vehicle was passing along the pike, and had been repeatedly fired into by the rebel cavalry.—Finding themselves closely pursued they abandoned the horse, and leaping several fences took to the woods, where they managed to conceal themselves, and the enemy gave up the chase.

There were but six companies of the First Maryland regiment engaged in the fight, the remaining four being on picket duty and acting as provost guard at Front Royal.

BALTIMORE, May 27.—Private accounts from Martinsburg represent that only a few rebel scouts arrived in town yesterday, and shortly after retired without doing any damage to the town. The indications are that the rebels are retreating to Winchester.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—By despatches received at the War Department we learn that affairs are quiet at Harper's Ferry and its vicinity.

A message from Gen. Banks, dated 1 o'clock this morning, says Capt. Collis, of the Zouaves d'Afrique, has brought his command into Hancock, having had but two killed.

A later despatch from Gen. Banks says all is quiet at Williamsport.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF GEN. BANKS.

WILLIAMSPORT, May 26—4 P. M.

To the President:—I have the honor to report the safe arrival of my command at this place at 10 o'clock, and the passage of the Fifth Corps across the river to-day with comparatively little loss.

The loss of men, killed wounded and missing in the different combats in which my command has participated since the march from Strasburg, on the morning of the 24th instant, I am unable now to report, but I have great gratification in being able to represent that, although serious, it is much less than might have been anticipated, considering the great disparity of the forces engaged, and the long matured plans of the enemy, which aimed at nothing less than the capture of our entire force.

A detailed statement will be forwarded as soon as possible.

My command encountered the enemy in a constant succession of attacks, and in the well-contested engagements at Strasburg, Middletown, Newton, at a point between these places and at Winchester, the force of the enemy was estimated at about 15,000 men, with very strong artillery and cavalry supports, while my own force consisted of two brigades, less than 4,000 strong all told, 1,500 cavalry, 10 Parrot guns, and 6 smooth bores.

The substantial preservation of the entire supply train is a source of gratification. It numbered about five hundred wagons. On a forced march of fifty-three miles, thirty-five of which were performed in one day, subject to constant attack in front, rear and and flank, according to its position, by the enemy in full force, notwithstanding the panic of teamsters and the mischances of a river passage of more than three hundred yards, with slender preparations for ford and ferry, not more than fifty wagons were lost.

A full statement of this loss will be forwarded forthwith.

Our troops are in good spirits and occupy both sides of the river.

N. P. BANKS,
Maj. Gen. Commanding.

From the Mountain Department.

CINCINNATI, May 25.—Col. Heth, with 3,000 men, attacked our forces under Col. Crook yesterday morning at Lewisburg.

After a severe fight the enemy was driven back, and completely routed.

Colonel Crook's force numbered 1,300. Our loss was 10 killed, 40 wounded and missing. The enemy's loss is much greater.

We captured four cannon, two of which were rifled pieces, 200 stand of arms, and about 100 prisoners, including a lieutenant colonel, a major, and several captains and lieutenants.

From Gen. Halleck's Army.

BEFORE CORINTH, May 25.—A reconnoitering party from Gen. Pope's command, had a skirmish yestrday, resulting in the complete rout of three rebel regiments, with the loss of their blankets, knapsacks, and haversacks. Several were killed and wounded, and six prisoners taken. The regiments fled in confusion across the creek. Our loss was four wounded.

From Gen. McClellan's Army.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF POTOMAC,
Saturday, May 24. 1862.

The driving of the rebels from the vicinity of New Bridge by our artillery yesterday, was followed up to-day by a movement wholly unexpected to our adversaries. A reconnoisance, composed of the 4th Michigan Regiment, Col. Woodbury, and a squad of the 2d Cavalry, Captain Gordon, was made, which is worthy of mention. Five companies of the 4th Michigan, under Lieutenant Bowen, of the Topographical Engineers, and Lieut. Custer, of the 5th Cavalry, acting with the Topographical Corps, crossed the Chickahominy, a short distance above Newbridge, with thirty men of the 4th Michigan. This small command succeeded in getting between four companies of the 5th Louisiana regiment, who were out on picket duty at the bridge, and a brigade of the enemy who were supporting them. In the meantime the balance of the regiment and the squadron of cavalry approached the bridge from this side, thus attracting the attention of the four Louisiana companies, and the first knowledge the rebels had of the near presence of an enemy was the firing from thirty muskets, at short pistol range, making havoc in the ranks, and causing a serious panic, while the main body advanced in front and opened a deadly fire. The result was that thirty-one of the enemy were taken prisoners, fifteen wounded, and between sixty and seventy left dead on the field. Among the prisoners was a lieutenant. The casualties on our side was one killed, one mortally and six slightly wounded. Lieut. Bowen had his horse shot under him during the skirmish.

The light brigade under General Stoneman, and the brigade of Gen. Davidson, of General Smith's division, to-day advanced from Newbridge, up the Chickahominy, to Ellison's Mills, on Bill's creek. Here they encountered four regiments of the enemy's infantry, with some pieces of artillery, and a command of cavalry. Of these, two regiments of infantry and three pieces of artillery were on the opposite side of the creek. The balance of the infantry, which was composed of the 8th and 9th Georgia Regiments, under General Howell Cobb, were posted in a favorable position to resist our advance to Mechanicsville. Fitlar's and Robertson's batteries of the 2d Artillery were quickly brought into action, and, after firing some 150 rounds, the rebels withdrew with their guns, not, however, until one of them had been dismounted, to the village, covered by their infantry and cavalry.

Four regiments of Gen. Davidson's brigade were then sent around, but night coming on, they went into camp within six hundred yards of the enemy. At day-light the batteries on both sides opened, Wheeler confining his guns to shelling the houses, behind which the enemy's infantry were concealed. The fire was so hot for the rebels that they left the village, a portion retreating across the Chickahominy.

Col. Mason, of the 7th Maine, was slightly injured by the explosion of a shell.

General Stoneman then sent two squadrons of the 8th Illinois Cavalry, under Major Clendenin, three miles further up the river, and caused to be destroyed the bridge of the Richmond and Fredericksburg Railroad. Mechanicsville which is now occupied by our troops, is five miles from Richmond.

The War in Arkansas.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, May 24.—Despatches from Colonel Daniels, of the first Wisconsin Cavalry, dated Camp Lagrange, Dunklin county, contain accounts of the capture of the rebel steamer Daniel E. Miller on the St. Francis river, taken with stores of provisions and a company of troops for Memphis. The colonel captured the rebel pickets, and came upon the boat itself before it was out of rifle shot distance from the shore. In return to a command to lay to, the enemy sent a volley of musketry. We then brought to bear upon them a brass 6-pounder, which, after sending one shot through her hull and another through her wheelhouse, killing Lieut. Col. Lewis and one private, and wounding three others. This caused the steamer to surrender. About 60 prisoners were taken, among whom was one colonel. None of our troops were hurt.

Confession of How They Lie.

Why the reporting of a battle by telegraph, by letter, or by word of mouth, says the Richmond *Whig*, should deprive a man of every particle of common sense, or every spark of principle, we know not; but the fact is so. A battle is no sooner begun than we are notified by a "reliable source, that the whole army of the enemy will certainly be killed or captured." This we heard in regard to Donelson, Elkhorn, Shiloh, and nearly every other battle that has been fought. It has been claimed that the people of the North are liars, and that we of the South are truthful. *This is a delusion.* We are fast learning to tell as many lies, as big lies, as foolish and self-evident lies as the Yankees. Everybody knows "the whole army of the enemy will certainly be killed or captured," means that the Confederates will be defeated next day.

Another piece of stupidity on the part of our newspaper and telegraph men is the inordinate puffing of this or that general. Endless ridicule has been heaped upon Mr. Davis by comparing him to Washington; and we have been pained to see Mr. Breckinridge victimized by dispatches from the battle field of Shiloh. Hindman had his leg shot off, but that is a small matter, when we consider that Breckinridge "won immortal honor" by having every rag of "clothes shot away," his "horse riddled," and even "his hat swept down"—notwitstanding which (the frightful deprivation of his hat,) he fought undismayed.

We mean no disrespect to Breckinridge—quite the contrary. We are only angry that his friends should let him cut a jackassical figure in history. *Unless we can go back to the old habit of telling the truth* and using moderate language, quit "shaking Savannah with an earthquake" from a fort that surrenders after four men are wounded, and cease to imitate the bombastical and mendacious lingo of the Mexicans and the Chinese, we had better shut up the telegraph offices and suppress the newspapers.

THE NEW ORLEANS BOMBARDMENT.—The Navy Department has received full reports from commanders of vessels at New Orleans, accompanied by an elaborate plan, on a large scale, of the Forts as they appeared after the bombardment.—Out of 7,500 shells thrown, 1,213 were counted on solid ground in the forts; 1,686 exploded in the air over the forts; 3,339 in ditches and overflowed parts of the forts. The drawbridge and hot shot furnaces and cisterns were completely destroyed, and all the casemates and passages were filled with water, the levee having been cut; the platforms for tents were burnt up; casemates all cracked from end to end, and the roofs of many were broken in. Four guns were dismounted, and eleven carriages and traverses injured. The outer walls are in many places cracked from top to bottom.—Scows and boats near the forts, save three small ones, sunk. The place where each bomb stuck is marked on the plan. A semi-official statement is soon to be published, setting forth the real facts in the case.

AFFAIRS IN NEW ORLEANS.—Col. Demming, of Connecticut, who has arrived from New Orleans, reports the existence of considerable Union sentiment in that city, which developed itself slowly there. A citizen who desires to serve our troops has to do so by anonymous notes, or by dropping a word in a low tone as he passes officers or soldiers. The people are gradually coming out to see the dress parades, and it is presumed that, in progress of intercourse and trade, the desperate upper classes may be repudiated by the laboring classes.

RAISING SUNKEN VESSELS.—It is stated on good authority that Maj. Gen. Wool has awarded the contract for raising and saving the Merrimac, as well as all other wrecks in Norfolk harbor, to Mr. Sanborn, the present agent of the Adams Express Company for the army of the Potomac. Measures will be taken at once, it is said, on the Merrimac.

THE EGG TRADE.—Some idea may be formed of the magnitude of the egg trade in New York from the following statement: One wholesale produce commission house on Friday, May 16, received 320 barrels of eggs; 165 barrels were consigned by one man in Peoria, Ill., and all came forward in one shipment. These were sold at buyer's risk, at 8½ cents a dozen, packer's count—the best fresh eggs counted out being worth, say, 10 cents a dozen. The same house had previously received two shipments of 120 barrels each from the same man, and sold them at 10 to 10¼ cents a dozen. On being advised of the last shipment the house telegraphed the shipper that eggs had declined to nine cents or less, asking instructions.—The shipper replied, "Go ahead; it is your business to sell eggs. I will take care of my end of the line. Lots of hens in Illinois; plenty of corn, and eggs are cheap."

ONWARD! ONWARD!!
EXCELSIOR OUR MOTTO!
NOW OPEN
On the corner of Branch and Annie Streets,
EAST ALTOONA,
AN ENTIRELY
NEW STOCK OF GOODS!

HAVING DISPOSED OF THE entire stock of old goods in the above stand at auction, we desire to say to the public that we have just opened out an

ENTIRELY NEW STOCK

to which we invite the attention of the public. We are determined to sell at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Our stock embraces a large and complete assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

consisting, in part, of plain and fancy Silks, all-wool De laines, Alpacas, Challie Delaines, plain and figured Berge, Lawns, Ginghams, Ducals, De Barge, Travelling Dress Goods, and all the

LATEST STYLE PRINTS.

Men's Wear.

We have received a large and well selected stock of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS, such as Cloths, plain and fancy Cassimeres, Cashmerets, Tweeds, Jeans, Cordays, Beaver Teens, Velvet Cords, and other fashionable goods for men and boys.

WHITE GOODS.

Irish Linen, Cambrics, Victoria Lawns, plain and dotted Swiss, Bobinets, Edgings, &c.

We have a large assortment of Ladies' Needlework Collars and Sets, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Gloves, Gauntlets, Mitts, Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Veils, &c. Also, Ticking, Checks, bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Crash, &c.

Also, a fine assortment of

SPRING SHAWLS.

We have received a large lot of

BOOTS AND SHOES,
LADIES' GAITERS,
HATS & CAPS, SHAKER BONNETS, &c.,

which we are determined to sell cheaper than ever.

QUEEENSWARE,
CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,
HARDWARE,

Groceries, Flour,
Bacon, Cheese,
Syrups, Molasses,
Mackerel, Herring,
Carbon Oil, Fish Oil,
Drugs and Medicines,

and, in fact, everything usually kept in a first-class Store.

☞ As we make our purchases almost entirely for cash, and as we will sell for

CASH ONLY,

AND KEEP NO BOOKS, it will enable us to sell Goods at very moderate prices; and by fair dealing and strict attention to business we hope to secure a liberal share of public patronage.

GEIS & CO.

Altoona, April 15, 1862-tf

ONWARD! EVER ONWARD!
STEP BY STEP!

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO inform his old customers and the public generally that he has this spring gone into the Dry Good business, and has just received a large and entirely new stock of

Dress Goods

For the Ladies, embracing all the latest, prettiest and most

FASHIONABLE PATTERNS.

And among which may be found every quality of goods, the names of which it would be too tedious to enumerate. I have also largely increased my stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

and have now a full assortment for

LADIES, MISSES, CHILDREN, MEN AND BOYS.

In the line of pure, fresh and cheap

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

I will not "knock under" to any of my competitors. In this department I feel sure that I can render satisfaction. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, and the highest market price allowed.

Store on the corner of Annie and Rebecca streets, East Altoona.

Altoona, May 22, 1862. THOMAS HESLOP.

EVERYBODY CALLS
AT JESSE SMITH'S.
when they want fashionable

Hats & Caps.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country that he has just returned from the city with his

Spring & Summer Styles of

HATS, CAPS,

MISSES' FLATS, &C.

His Stock of Hats and Caps are of the very best selection, of every style, color and shape, for both old and young.

All he asks is that the people call and examine his stock, and he feels confident that he can send them away rejoicing, if not in the purchase of such an article as they wanted, at the remembrance of having looked upon the handsomest stock of Hats, Caps, Flats, &c., ever exhibited in this town.

Store on Virginia Street, opposite the Lutheran Church.

Oct. 3, 1861. JESSE SMITH.

TIMBER LAND
FOR SALE
OR TRADE.

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES to sell, or trade for property in the Borough of Altoona, a tract of FIFTY ACRES OF GOOD WHITE PINE AND WHITE OAK TIMBER LAND, situate in Clearfield county, two miles from Glen Hope, one mile from Clearfield Creek, and within thirty rods of an excellent SAW-MILL. It is within 18 miles of Tipton, by the Plank Road 17 miles from Tyrone by Turnpike, and 9 miles from Ogeola, on the Tyrone and Phillipsburg Rail Road—the Plank Road from Glen Hope to Osceola running within one mile of the land.

About 30 acres of this tract will be very good FARM LAND when the timber is taken off, and the balance good MEADOW LAND.

The advantages of this piece of land over many others can be known by calling on the undersigned in Altoona.

May 15, 1862-1m] GEORGE B. GALER.

EARLY PLANTS.—THE SUBSCRIBER would inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he is prepared to furnish any number of the following varieties of

GARDEN PLANTS,

from his hot-beds, in

COLLINSVILLE, NEAR ALTOONA.

He has the Large Red Smoothe and Fegee Island Tomato Plants—Extra Early and Early Blood Turnip Beet Plants—Early York, Early Winningstadt, Large Late Drumhead and late flat Dutch Cabbage Plants, Celery, Egg and Pepper Plants—all improved varieties. Persons desiring any of the above plants should leave their orders early that they may receive the first ready for transplanting.

May 8-1m. JOHN RUTHERFORD.

Altoona Tribune
PRINTED ON
Campbell's $650 "Country Press"
TRIBUNE POWER-PRESS CARD
PRINTING OFFICE
Having, within the past two years, made considerable addition to our establishment in the way of new type, Screw Press, Paper Cutter, Card Cutter, Rule Machine, Card Power Press, and large Newspaper Power Press, (a cut of which we give above) we are now prepared to execute anything in the line of printing or ruling in a style equal to any establishment in the State, and at prices equally low. We can execute, on short notice, all styles of
Wedding, Invitation, Visiting, Ball & Business Cards,
Circulars, Programmes,
MAMMOTH POSTERS, SALE BILLS,
BILL AND LETTER-HEADS,
Pamphlets, Pay and Check Rolls,
BLANK BOOKS,
MANIFESTS, AND BLANKS OF ALL KINDS.
All we ask is a trial, feeling confident that we can give satisfaction if we have the opportunity.
Office in Lowther's building, corner of Virginia and Annie streets, opposite Superintendent's Office.

LOCAL ITEMS

LOGAN HOUSE.—We take pleasure in calling the following complimentary notice of the Logan House, in this place, from the June number of Godey's Lady's Book:—"A visit to Altoona simply to take a look through the immense machine shops of the great Pennsylvania Rail Road, would be agreeable enough, particularly as you have to take a ride the whole distance through the most beautiful scenery on our continent, passing through populous towns, over a most substantially laid road, winding around mountains and through tunnels. This, we say, would be enough; but when you put up at such a house as the Logan, situated at the foot of the mountains, and nearly surrounded by hills, from the top of which you have delightful views, this certainly adds to the pleasures of the trip. The Logan House was built and furnished by the Pennsylvania Rail Road Co., and is one of the largest hotels in this State. It is kept in the most admirable manner by Messrs. D. R. Mish & Co., whose attention to their guests is unremitting. The rooms are as well furnished as those of any private house, and the table not to be excelled anywhere. The constant arrival and departure of trains make it a lively spot. And now, after being spent a week or more with our friend Millers, jump into the cars in the morning and over to Cresson, less than an hour's ride; or you go up the mountain at a speed equal to a level; and here you witness one of the most did specimens of engineering in the world—cross a mountain in a rail road car, hitherto thought possible until the Pennsylvania Rail Road Co., determined to conquer every obstacle, 'went and did it.' Arriving near the summit, you go through a tunnel, and then comes your descent on the other side. The scenery surroundings are majestic beautiful, and a sojourn at this mountain home the summer months is something akin to an earthly paradise."

THE WOUNDED SOLDIERS.—In looking over exchanges, we notice that the citizens of many towns are continually at work providing things necessary for the comfort of the brave men who have been wounded in defence of the Star Spangled Stripes, our glorious Union, and all that we as American citizens, hold dear. Why has not Altoona done something towards relieving their sufferings and cheering their hearts? Is it because our citizens have not been asked? If so, there is that excuse no longer. Urgent appeals have been made from the hospitals at Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Fortress Monroe. At Philadelphia they want everything that will contribute to the welfare and comfort of a sick or wounded man. At the military hospitals at Baltimore they are much in want of delicacies, but they do not want hospital shirts. Many of the wounded arriving at that city before the least attention has been paid to their wounds, and the first thing they want is clean clothes. At Fortress Monroe they are in want of butter and eggs, sponges, oiled silk, rags, bandages, lint, and dried fruit. Now, cannot the ladies unily in our town send something? If the cars are *too busy* to move in this matter, let some of the energetic ladies of the town "put their heads together," and see what can be done, and we certain they will be promptly assisted in this matter. Undertaking, by the men. Battles are occurring almost every day; our friends and neighbors are being disabled by thousands, and shall we be ungrateful as not to render them the *little* assistance which they beg, for fear, as we have heard some say, "our William wouldn't get it, anyhow," or that if our own *relatives* do not enjoy the benefits the self-same articles we send? *Some* suffering soldier, just as brave and just as worthy as enjoy them, while "our William," or "Jim" is kindly provided for by somebody else. Let there be no more of this quibbling. Sufficient humanity calls for prompt action. Let us be doing.

ADDRESS OF D. J. NEFF, Esq.—On Saturday evening last the Hall of the Sons of Temperance in this place, was densely filled by an intelligent audience of ladies and gentlemen, to hear D. J. Neff, Esq., deliver his address on Temperance. The subject is one that has been so frequently and ably handled that we wondered what new matter the orator could find to dwell upon, but we certainly satisfied that this fruitful theme is inexhaustible. The address was most beautiful, instructive and interesting, and the audience seemed highly delighted. Mr. Neff is a very pleasing talker and a deep thinker. The subject of his remarks he has evidently given careful thought and study, to which we trust and believe the meeting will be productive of much good in our community.

SOUTHERN LADIES COMING NORTH!—Since the men of the South so freely contributed all their watches and jewelry for the purpose of aiding the present unholy rebellion, we need not be surprised, after the war is over, if a whole train-load of aforesaid chivalrous females should visit the Smoking town for the purpose of replenishing their stock of valuables at the cheap jewelry store of Willie Shannon, on Virginia street, above Crawford. He keeps constantly on hand a superior stock of watches and jewelry of all kinds, and will be happy promptly attended to on reasonable terms. Call and see him a call.

Altoona Tribune.

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TRIBUNE POWER-PRESS

CARD & JOB

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COUNCIL MEETING.—Regular meeting of Council, April 9th, 1862.

Present—A. A. Smyth, N. J. Mervine, John Loudon, Jacob Hesser and John Allison Chief Burgess.

John McClelland, Esq., not accepting to act as clerk to council,

On motion, council proceeded to an election for clerk, which resulted in the election of W. B. Ketler clerk to council for the ensuing year.

On motion, the council proceeded to an election for Supervisor and Collector, when Jos. Keesbury was elected Supervisor, and Jos. K. Ely Collector for the year 1862.

A. A. Smyth, Chairman, of the committee appointed to effect a compromise with Jesse Groves and wife, of their claim against the Borough, reported that they had effected a settlement of their claim for the sum of $27.50.

On motion, report was accepted and committee discharged.

On motion, an order was granted to John Loudon for $27.50 for the settlement of the above claim of J. Grove and wife.

N. J. Mervine presented the following preamble and resolution.

Whereas, It is a matter of public notoriety that the laws in regard to gambling and the sale of intoxicating drinks on Sunday are openly violated in this Borough; that the corruption of morals is daily increasing, and especially that great numbers of young men and boys are drawn into the dens of dissipation in every part of the town and ruined. Therefore,

Resolved, That the High Constable of this Borough, is hereby enjoined and required strictly to enforce the laws of the State in regard to these vices and crimes, and to spare no effort necessary to promote good order, and to bring the offenders against the laws to justice.

On motion, the preamble and resolution offered by N. J. Mervine was adopted and placed on file and the High Constable instructed to have the laws enforced.

On motion, adjourned to meet on the first Monday evening in June.

ATTEST: JOHN LOUDON, Clerk, *pro. tem.*

JUVENILE PIC-NICS.—On Monday morning last the teachers and scholars of the Catholic Sunday School, assembled at their Church, where they formed in procession, and, to the soul-stirring notes of the drum and fife, and with numerous flags and appropriate banners, marched to Miller's woods, above Loudonsville, where they spent the day in innocent and healthful recreation. After all had enjoyed themselves "to their hearts' content," they took up the line of march for "home, sweet home," where they no doubt slept soundly, and sweetly dreamed of wild flowers, blue-birds and butterflies.

We understand that the public schools of the East Ward, purpose enjoying themselves in a similar manner to-day. May joy attend them, and may the ever-welcome custom of "Maying" or "pic-nicking" never be abolished. It not only gives rest to the many little minds, which are often severely tasked, but also invigorates the body. The teachers, too, after a day's enjoyment in the woods, are always better fitted for performing the duties which devolve upon them in their noble calling. We hope to see every school and every association in the town have a pic-nic during the present season.

STAGING.—One who has recently had some experience in this ancient manner of locomotion pens us the following for the information of travelers:—Passengers from Tyrone to Bellefonte would do well to take the Bald Eagle Route, as they will then be in the care of a *good* driver, who don't *go to sleep*, at the risk of your neck or limbs; neither does he *smoke* when sitting in front of his passengers—a good trait in the estimation of the ladies, many of whom do not relish the fumes of a *toby* continually blowing in their faces. The teams on this route are no *crow-baits*; your baggage is just as safe as if in your own care, and there are no *detentions*, excepting just time enough to partake of a splendid dinner at Wes. M'Kinney's, at Port Matilda, for which you will only be taxed 25 cts. The Tyrone office of this line is at the National Hotel, kept by Mrs. M. A. Ward, who, as everybody knows, keeps one of the best public houses in the interior of the State. Passengers and baggage conveyed to and from the depot free of charge. "A word to the wise is sufficient."

MAJOR GENERAL SIGEL.—A despatch was received here on Monday evening last, announcing that Major General Sigel and Col. Thomas A. Scott, Assistant Secretary of War, were on the Express Train Eastward. A large crowd assembled at the depot, on the arrival of the train, all anxious to get a "peep" at the hero of Pea Ridge. Some of our citizens had procured two small cannon, one of which was placed in the rear of the train, and the other in front. With these a constant firing was kept up while the train was waiting for the passengers to take supper. By request the General appeared on the platform of the cars and made a few appropriate remarks. He was in citizens' dress, and his appearance plainly indicated that he was in bad health.

CAPT. WALSH.—Our young and esteemed friend, Capt. Pat. Walsh, of the gallant Eighty-fourth, who has been on a short visit to his friends in this place, left on Monday night last to join his regiment (Shields' Division), which has been ordered to reinforce Gen. McDowell at Fredericksburg. Capt. W. was First Lieutenant in company E, at the battle of Winchester, where he distinguished himself. Company E was the color company, and in the thickest of the fight. The Captain (Gallaher) having been killed, Lieut. W. was promoted. He reports the regiment in good condition, but somewhat thinned out by sickness and death.

EYE AND EAR.—The successful Dr. Jones, of New York, who practiced here a year ago, will practice at the Logan House, in this place, for the last time, where he may be consulted the 7th, 8th, 9th, and 10th of June. Dr. J. has performed many very remarkable cures in this part of our county. Dr. Jones cures all diseases of the eye and ear, where a cure can be effected by medical skill or science. He also treats old standing diseases, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, &c. Dr. J. has proven himself to be a physician of extraordinary attainment. Read his circular.

THE CROPS.—A recent trip down the railroad enables us to judge somewhat of the condition of the crops, and we give it as our opinion that they never looked better. The fruit crop also promises an abundant yield. The farmers are in high spirits and will be richly rewarded for their labors this season!

PANORAMA OF THE WAR.—No doubt an exhibition of this kind would draw crowded houses; but, in the absence of such an entertainment, the best we can do is to go to Fettinger's Oak Hall Literary Emporium and get *Harper's Weekly* and *Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper* with its *War Supplement*. These splendid pictorials give large and spirited engravings, together with reliable particulars of all the important battles and brilliant feats of arms that occur in the present war. Also, portraits and biographical sketches of great men and Generals, together with interesting stories and comicalities. Go and get a pictorial, if you want to be "posted" in regard to the all-important events now transpiring in this great country of ours. Fet. has gone to the city for new goods, and we believe he intends to select his Fourth-of-July fixins also. All the leading dailies, weeklies, and monthlies, together with an inexhaustible variety of notions, can be had at Oak Hall.

BEAUTIFUL.—The country at this time presents a really beautiful appearance. The fruit trees are in full blossom, and the woodland dressed in a beautiful Emerald green, presents to the eye of the beholder a scene of magnificent splendor. All nature seems to be laughing and clapping her hands with joy in anticipation of the bountiful harvests she will soon present to earth's creation for her subsistence. The music of the rippling stream as it wends its way through the green valley and down the rugged mountain side, thrills the heart of the listener with rapturous delight. Well may the poet, whilst admiring the beauties of spring, sing thus:

"I would not die in spring time."

KEEP COOL.—Reader, when you think you are reading an interesting "item," and find that it is only a "puff," don't "get your back up" about it, but try again—read something else, and keep cool. We have often been "fooled" ourselves, and, although we know it is provoking, yet when we remember that we are writing with one of Joseph DeYoung's platina-pointed, india-rubber-coated steel pens, we feel like mentioning, for your benefit, that they can only be had at Andy Clabaugh's, corner of Main and Annie streets, Altoona, where you can also get all kinds of stationery and periodicals: all the leading daily papers, and notions in great variety.

"CLEANING HOUSE."—How we wish this disagreeable task was finished. The women are as cross as old maids, every one of 'em. We get out of sight whenever we see one coming. Such tearing, pulling, hauling, ripping, hallooing, shouting, cleaning, scrubbing, rubbing until your head aches, as they have, is enough to turn a "feller" against the whole tribe of crinolines. Splash! splash! from morning to night! and then go to their couches and dream of white-washed cottages and papered castles. Well, the season will soon be over, and the dear creatures will be as tame as kittens, so we will have to "grin and bear" for yet a few days.

TWO DISBANDED REGIMENTS.—The 12th and 16th Indiana regiments, Cols. Lynk and Hackleman, passed through this place on Thursday last, on their way home. These troops were enlisted by Governor Morton for one year, previous to the President's proclamation calling for volunteers to serve during the war, and their time expired on the 14th inst. Most of the men would have been willing to continue in the service, and if another call for troops be made, it is designed to join the the two regiments into one, and again offer its services.

SOMETHING NEW.—The rage for illustrated envelopes has set the tract men to work, and the result of their labors is a new style of engravings with appropriate mottoes selected from the Bible. In the package before us there are so many different varieties that to attempt a minute description of them would fill a column of our paper. Suffice it to say, they are suitable to all classes, and are decidedly handsome. Blair Patton, at the Post Office, is the agent for this place. Call and see them.

TYRONE CITY HOTEL.—This large and commodious establishment has again experienced a change of proprietors. The incoming landlords, Messrs. Griest & Maclin, have thoroughly refitted and renovated the house, so that all who may favor it with their patronage may be certain of enjoying all the comforts and conveniences of a first-class house. We advise our friends who may visit Tyrone, to stop at this hotel, and we can assure them they will not go away dissatisfied, either with the house or the landlords.

"MIND YOUR EYE!"—Reader, when you promenade the streets of our borough, mind your eye, and have an eye to your steps, lest you might break your neck, or at least bark your shins. Our sidewalks, with a few praiseworthy exceptions, are in a shocking condition just now—in fact they are really dangerous—but we have faith enough in the enterprise of the property-holders, to *hope* that the present state of affairs may not continue more than another year.

FLOWERS.—Almost everywhere you go—whether to the woods or the cultivated garden—in the meadow or on the mountain side—you will now find the flowers out in full bloom and fragrance. The wild flowers are especially beautiful and seem to have more claim upon our attention, as they are nature's own; but a sweet boquet, whether of tame or wild flowers, will always cheer the heart of the printer's devil, and cause his face to shine with smiles for the fair donor. Girls, remember.

A LARGE BEAR.—Through the kindness of our old friend Joe. Metzgar, we have received the following: "Oliver P. Crissman, of Upper Sinking Valley, in this county, caught in a trap, on the night of the 24th inst., a bear weighing 375 pounds, and measuring 6 feet from the point of its nose to the end of its tail. The night previous to its capture it killed and carried off three sheep belonging to Mr. Leonard Hostler.

"F. W. SHAFFER."

WALL PAPER.—Messrs. Geis & Co. have just received a large stock of wall paper, of every style and quality, which they are selling at their astonishing low prices. If you are on the lookout for paper with which to beautify your residences, take a peep at Geis & Co's. You will find something to suit you, or else you must be hard to please.

DELICATE REMARK.—A lady (?) residing in the lower end of this county, while engaged in a discussion with some ladies and gentlemen, a few days since, on the Southern rebellion, &c., said that "If President Lincoln was here, I would *cut his heart out and cook it for my supper!*"

TO THE PUBLIC!—An experience of six months has fully convinced me that the CASH SYSTEM *is the best*, both for merchant and consumer. It enables the merchant to sell at ONE-HALF LESS PROFIT, and make more clear money, with less trouble than he can by selling on credit; and the reason is obvious—he gets the money down for everything he wants to sell, and has the use of it immediately.—The consumer also saves by buying for cash, because he gets his merchandise at from 25 to 50 per cent. below what he would have to pay if he bought on credit, or even if he bought at a store which sells on credit. The credit business always loses a certain per centage, which must be made up from cash or prompt monthly payers.

I am determined to do nothing but a CASH BUSINESS, and have but *ONE PRICE* for my Goods.

I have just returned from the cities of New York and Philadelphia with the *largest and cheapest assortment of Goods ever brought to Altoona*. I would first invite attention to my complete selection of DRY GOODS, such as Morianta Silks, Black Silks, Ducals, Reps, Foulards, Schallies, Delaines, Poplins, Debeges, Ginghams, Cambrics, Prints, Brown and Bleached Muslins, Tickings, Checks, Linens, Table Napkins, Table Diapers, Gloves, Hosiery. Also, a fine stock of Cassimeres, Cottonades, Jeans, &c., for men and boys.

A splendid assortment of Boots and Shoes, for ladies, misses, men and boys.

A great variety of CARPETS, ranging in price from 12½ cents upward. Oil-Cloths of different patterns and prices. Window-Shades, of all styles.

Children's WAGONS, from $3.25 upwards. Spring Wagons only $4.25.

Wall Paper and Bordering—a large and entirely new selection, embracing the latest and most beautiful styles of Paper for Halls, Parlors, Offices, Bed-Rooms, &c., ranging in price from 5 cents per bolt, upwards.

GROCERIES.—My stock of Groceries is unsurpassed, being entirely fresh. Best Syrup Molasses, only 60 cents per gallon; 2d class only 50 cents. Sugars at 9, 10, 11 and 11½ cents per lb. Coffee, Tea, Spices, Salt, Fish, Soap, Candles, and everything in that line, at CASH PRICES.

In the QUEENSWARE line, I have the largest stock in town: Wedgewood's celebrated Iron-Stone Tea Sets, forty-six pieces, only $3.87. China Sets complete, only $12.00. Chamber Sets, from $1.25 upward.

In the way of GLASSWARE, I have everything mentionable, such as Fruit Stands, Cake Stands, Jelly Dishes, Preserve Jars, Goblets, Tumblers, &c., &c.

I would respectfully invite the public to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, as I feel confident that I can convince them that it is cheaper to buy *for cash* than *on credit*; and also, that my stock is worth an examination.

R. A. O. KERR.

Altoona, April 17, 1862.

MARRIED.

On the 16th inst., by Rev. A. W. Gibson, Mr. RICHARD HAMILTON, of Pittsburg, to Miss ELIZABETH KELLERMAN, of Gaysport, this county.

DIED:

In this place, on Sunday morning last, Mrs. BARBARA RINK, wife of Jacob Rink, aged 41 years and 3 months.

In this place, on Monday last, SARAH ELLEN, daughter of Francis and Sarah A. Huss, aged 1 year, 11 months and 18 days.

In Huntingdon, on the 15th inst., of Consumption, WARREN K. McCAHAN, son of J. Kinney McCahan, of that place, aged 21 years, 4 months and 10 days.

Suddenly, in this place, on the morning of the 24th inst., LILLY PAGE, daughter of David P. and Mary G Hamilton, aged 2 months.

Oh! Lilly, my babe, low fondly I loved thee;
How wildly thy mother's heart clings to thee yet;
The world may smile on me, kind friends may surround me,
But Lilly, my baby, I cannot forget.

The storms of this life may beat fiercely upon me,
The friends of my sunshine may quickly depart;
Yet, green as the myrtle and pure as the dew-drop,
Thy mem'ry, my baby, shall live in this heart.

But I will not weep: in Springtime you flew
To Heaven, where the wings of the soul are unfurled;
And now a bright angel, beyond evening's cold dew,
Looks radiently down on the tears of this world.
There's nothing bright but Heaven.

In this borough, on Friday morning last, of Consumption, MARY E. McPIKE, wife of H. A. McPike, of Altoona, Pa., and daughter of G. W. Easly, Esq., of this place, aged 23 years and 3 months.

We sincerely sympathize with our young friend and fellow craftsman, whose bereavement we chronicle in the above notice. We can appreciate his case, and tender him truly our condolence, as we do also to the family and friends of the deceased. While we have faith that *she* rests peacefully, may *he* and *they* bow meekly to the will of Him who doeth all things well—who alone can give, who taketh at His pleasure, and promises to restore in His own good time two-fold whatsoever He taketh—*Johnstown Tribune.*

PASTURE.—Persons wishing Pasture for CATTLE, or Meadow-Grass for Hay, can be supplied by applying to LEWIS GWIN, two miles North of Altoona.
May 27th, 1862.

NEW GOODS—We have just rec'd our SECOND SUPPLY of SUMMER GOODS, which comprises all the newest and most desirable styles. Walk in, Ladies, and take a look. We charge nothing for showing our goods. J. & J. LOWTHER.
May 27, 1862-1t.

OLD FOGYISM IS 'PLAYED OUT,' and cannot compete with the Young America manner of conducting business at the MODEL.
May 27, '62-1t.

LADIES, REMEMBER!—The place to get the NEWEST STYLES in DRESS GOODS, and the LATEST FASHIONS, in fact, of all kinds of Goods, is at THE MODEL STORE. This is now conceded by all disinterested persons.
May 27, '62-1t.

ALL THE RAGE.—Those new walking Sacques. They can be had, in a variety of styles and material; also, Cloaking Cloth, at THE MODEL.
May 27, '62-1t.]

STRAY COW.—Strayed away from the subscriber, in Altoona, on the 17th inst., a BRINDLE COW, with white star on forehead, white under belly, end of tail white, and hind legs white—supposed to have a calf.

A liberal REWARD will be paid for the return of the Cow to me, or for any information that will lead to her recovery. JAS. M. JACOBS.
Altoona, May 29, 1862-3t*

HARDWARE—HARDWARE!

HARDWARE

CHARLES J. MANN,
DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE,
WOODEN WARE, BROOMS, WINDOW SHADES, DOOR MATS,
UPHOLSTERING GOODS, SHOE FINDINGS, COFFIN TRIMMINGS,
MOULDERS' TOOLS, BIRD CAGES AND WIRE GOODS, WINDOW GLASS,
PUTTY, WHITE LEAD, &C., &C.

☞ Every description of Goods in his line will be furnished at short notice, and at low rates for cash.

His remaining stock of DRY GOODS on hand will be closed out at remarkably low prices, in order to relinquish that branch of the business.

Agent for Willson's "Telegraph Fodder Cutter."
Altoona, May 29th, 1862.

CAUTION.—WHEREAS MY WIFE HANNAH L. SHELLENBERGER (formerly Hannah L. Hibbs), has left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation, this is to warn all persons not to harbor or trust her on my account as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting, after this date, unless compelled by law.
May 20, 1862 3t* ED. SHELLENBERGER.

THREE LOTS FOR SALE.—One on the South-Eastern Side of Claudia street, 60 X 130 feet—being No. 1 in Block WW.

One on the North-Western side of Elizabeth Street—being No. 10 in block HH.

One on the South-Western side of Agnes street—being No 8 in block QQ.

For terms, apply to G. W. STEWART, 3d door below the Post Office, in Brant's Row. [May 15-3t]

SAMUEL I. FRIES.....STEPHEN WINTERS

STOVES,
TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have just received a large supply of STOVES *of all Patterns*, such as Cook, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves, which he will sell at the most reasonable prices. A large supply will always be kept on hand.

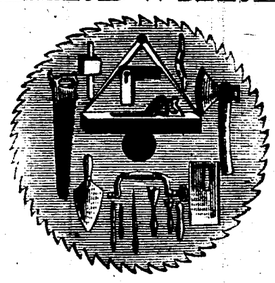
TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE, in great variety, always on hand.

ROOFING & SPOUTING
put up on short notice.

They have also attached a copper-smithing room to their establishment and will keep on hand an assortment of cop per and brass kettles, &c.

All kinds of job work promptly attended to.

HARDWARE.



The subscribers have added Hardware to their line of business, and are now prepared to supply anything in the Hardware and Cutlery line, such as Handsaws, Axes, Augers, Adzes, Chisels, Squares, Rules, Hammers, Planes, Hinges, Locks, Latches, Files, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c., &c., all of which they offer on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Persons wishing anything in the Hardware line are requested to call and examine their stock.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

☞ Store on Annie street, between Harriet and Adaline streets, East Ward, and on Virginia street, opposite Kessler's Drug Store, West Ward.

FRIES & WINTERS.
Altoona, Feb. 3d, 1862.

GROCERY AND PROVISION
STORE,
Annie Street, East Altoona, a few doors above Branch Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED a large and fresh stock of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c., which he will sell at prices equally as low as his competitors. His stock consists of

FLOUR, BACON, FISH, POTATOES, SUGAR, SPICES, CHEESE, BRUSHES, BUCKETS, RAISINS, ORANGES, DATES, SOAPS, BUTTER, CONFECTIONERIES, FEED, HAMS, SALT, COFFEE, TEA, CRACKERS, TUBS, BROOMS, LEMONS, FIGS, COMBS, KNIVES, EGGS, DRIED FRUIT, AND DRUGS OF ALL KINDS.

I invite the public to call and examine my stock, as I am determined to please in quality and price.
May 8, 1862-tf WM. H. PERCIVAL.

C. C. SERVER & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO THOMAS R. TAYLOR & CO.)
Paper, Envelope, and Printers' Card
WAREHOUSE,
No. 513, MINOR STREET,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF WRITING, LETTER, NOTE, PRINTING, WRAPPING, MANILLA, TISSUE, SHOE AND HARDWARE PAPERS,
Printers' Cards,
BONNET, BOX AND STRAW BOARDS.
Printers, Blank Book Manufacturers, Stationers and Storekeepers, will find it to their advantage to CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.
May 1st, 1862-1y.

S. M. WOODKOK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Altoona, Penn'a,
Will practice in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties. Being associated with CHARLES E. PLEASANT, Esq., Military and Claim Agent, of Washington City, he will devote special attention to the prosecution and collection of claims against the United States, including Pensions, Bounty Lands, Arrears of Pay for Services in the Army and Navy, and generally all business before any of the Departments.
Office on Virginia Street, 2 doors above Julia Street.
May 15, 1862-tf.

NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters Testamentary to the Estate of ROMAN RIEBENACK, late of the Borough of Altoona, dec'd, have been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same, without delay, to
ADAM ODENWALDER,
JOSEPHINE RIEBENACK,
Executors of Roman Riebenack, dec'd.
ALTOONA, PA., May 1, 1862.

A REGULAR MEETING OF THE ALTOONA FAIR VIEW CEMETERY ASSOCIATION will be held on the second Thursday evening of each month, in the Council Room. M. CLABAUGH, President.
JAS. LOWTHER, Secretary. [May 15-'62]

MUSIC!—INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN on the Piano-Forte and Melodeon, by Miss M. SHOEMAKER. TERMS, $10 per quarter. No charge for the use of the Instrument. Residence on Catharine Street, West Altoona. [Jan. 16, 1862.-tf.

DO YOU WANT A HAT OR CAP, cheap or fine?—go to LAUGHMAN'S.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Jewelry, Hair and Clothes Brushes, Combs, Pocket-knives, &c., at LAUGHMAN'S

NEW AND IMPROVED STYLES of Trunks, Valises and Carpet-Bags, at LAUGHMAN'S.

LADIES' SHAWLS AND SCARFS for sale cheap at LAUGHMAN'S.

ALL STYLES CARPETING AND Oil-Cloths can be found at LAUGHMAN'S.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS, in endless variety, at LAUGHMAN'S.

GREAT PILES OF PANTALOONS, from $1.00 to $6.00 per pair, for Men and Boys, at LAUGHMAN'S.

HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY, Collars, Neck-Ties, &c., for Ladies and Gentlemen, at LAUGHMAN'S.

MEN AND BOYS' COATS, of every style and color, from 75 cents upwards, at LAUGHMAN'S.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF SHIRTS—Cassimere and Muslin—fine and coarse—white and colored—at LAUGHMAN'S.

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS & SHOES for Men and Boys, Ladies and Misses, just rec'd at LAUGHMAN'S.

SELLING—CHEAP FOR CASH!—all the above articles, at LAUGHMAN'S, at the Express Office, Altoona House.
Altoona, May 1, 1862.

April 2d.] GOOD NEWS! [Altoona, 1862.

McCormick's New Goods
HAVE ARRIVED!

HIS assortment of Fancy Dress Goods is full and complete, consisting of all the LATEST STYLES OF FRENCH, ENGLISH & AMERICAN MANUFACTURES. The Grodecdure, Mozambiques, Lavilla Cloths, (plain and figured,) Polkas, Poridechene, Silk Poplins, Challies, Delaines, &c., with all the best makes of Calico.

AT OLD PRICES,

from 8 to 12½ cents, with all the varieties usually kept, as cheap as any other house can sell—all having been bought for NETT CASH. Also, a full line of heavy COTTONADES, FOR MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.

Also, a full and complete stock of

GROCERIES.

Nice Brown Sugar for 8 cts. Best Brown Sugar for 10 cts. White Sugar at 12½ cts. Best Syrup Molasses at 62½ cts. Baking Molasses, from 32½ to 50 cents per gallon; with all other articles in the line at Old Prices, excepting Coffee and Tea, which have advanced.

We are thankful for past favors, and hope, by strict application to business, and a desire to please our customers in prices, qualities and styles, to retain their patronage. All goods in our line will be sold STRICTLY FOR CASH, or in exchange for Produce, Lumber, &c., for which the highest price will be allowed.

McCORMICK'S STORE,
NORTH WARD.

N. B.—As we are going out of the Clothing business, all goods on hand will be sold at a fraction over cost.

THE ELEGANT HORSE,
SIR CHARLES,

will stand the ensuing season at the following places, commencing on Monday, April 14th, viz:—The first three days at the stable of Johnston & Gibbs, in Hollidaysburg; the next three days at the stable of Mr. Shoemaker, in Martinsburg; and the next three days at the stable of the owner, in Logan township—changing alternately throughout the season.

DESCRIPTION.

Sir Charles is a beautiful Bright Bay, with black mane and tail, fifteen hands high, and is nine years old this Spring.

PEDIGREE.

Sir Charles was bred in Virginia, and was sired by the celebrated Sir Charles, of that State, who beat Wood Pecker, at Point Pleasant, Va., for a purse of $5,000. The present Sir Charles was formerly kept at Harrisburg, and his colts, at one year old sold for $300.—The grand-sire of this Horse stood at $100 the insurance, in the Valley of Virginia.

TERMS.

To insure a mare with foal, $15, to be paid as soon as the mare is known to be with foal; for the season, $10, to be paid at the end of the season; single service, $5, to be paid in advance. All accidents or escapes are at the risk of owners of mares, after they are known to be with foal. M. RUNYEN, Owner.
April 27, 1862-6t.] JOHN JENES, Groom.

POKED OUT AGAIN!

The undersigned would respectfully solicit the patronage of the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, as he has again opened out AT HIS OLD STAND,
on Virginia st., a few doors below the Supt's Office,
with an entirely new and fresh supply of

PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES,
such as
FLOUR, BACON, FISH, SALT, POTATOES, CHEESE, CORN-MEAL, MILL-FEED OATS, RYE, CORN,
TEAS of all kinds, COFFEE, SUGAR, SYRUPS, BAKING MOLASSES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, DRIED FRUIT, SOAP, CANDLES, BROOMS, BRUSHES, Crockery, Wooden and Willow Ware, Stationery, Notions, Candies, &c. Also a large stock of

LIQUORS!

All the above goods will be sold, Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest prices. Come one—come all! See for yourselves, and be convinced. No charge for examining my stock. LOUIS PLACK.
April 17, '62-tf.

JUST OPENED AND READY FOR SALE, AT
M'CORMICK'S STORE,
NICE NEW HAMS,
SHOULDERS AND SIDES,
DRIED PEACHES AND DRIED APPLES,
LARD, FISH, SALT, &C.,
THE BEST SYRUPS,
COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA, &C.
Also, a large assortment of
LAMP-SHADES, &C.,
with the best article of
RECTIFIED CARBON OIL;
all of which will be sold VERY CHEAP for Cash or Country Produce.
Altoona, Mar h 6, 1862-tf. CALL AND SEE

U. S. ARMY.—WANTED IMMEDIATELY, FOR THE TWELFTH REGIMENT U. S. INFANTRY, REGULAR SERVICE, a few more able-bodied men, between the ages of eighteen and thirty-five. Pay ranges from $13 to $23 per month, according to the rank of the soldier. Each man will be furnished with equipments, ample clothing and subsistence. Quarters, fuel, and medical attendance free of charge. The pay of each soldier commences as soon as he is enlisted.

By an act lately passed, the term of enlistment has been changed from five to THREE YEARS, and every soldier who serves that time is entitled to

$100 BOUNTY

from the Government. Attention is drawn to the fact that the Government has wisely commenced to promote soldiers from the ranks. Advancement is, therefore, open to all.

For further information apply at the Recruiting Office, on Virginia street opposite Lowther's Store, Altoona.
Lieut. J. S. CAMPBELL,
12th Infantry, U. S. A. Recruiting Officer.

$30. EMPLOYMENT! $100.
Commercial Agents Wanted
TO SELL GOODS FOR THE
ADAMS
(A NEW ENGLAND)
MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

We will give a commission of one hundred per cent. on all goods sold by our Agents, or we will pay wages at from $30 to $100 per month and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address (with stamp)
CHAS. RUGGLES, Gen'l Agent,
For the Adams Manufacturing Co. Dennor, Miss.
May 8, 1862-1y

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscribers offer at Private Sale EIGHT BUILDING LOTS, situate on the top of the hill, above the reservoir of the Altoona Gas & Water Company, being now held as property by the Presbyterian Church. The lots are fifty feet front by 175 feet deep, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Persons wishing to purchase or view these lots will receive all information concerning them by applying to Michael Clabaugh, S. H. McCormick, Alexander McCormick, or Chas. J. Mann, Trustees of Presbyterian Church. [Altoona, April 3, 1862.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Dwelling Houses, Merchandize, Furniture and Property*, of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office with Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co. D. T. CALDWELL, *Agent.*
Jan. 27, '59-tf

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE.—The undersigned is about starting a Tannery, and wishes to buy or trade for
400 CORDS
of good ROCK OAK BARK, and also for HIDES, for which the highest market price will be paid.
Altoona, April 17, '62-tf. LOUIS PLACK.

$25] EMPLOYMENT! [$75
AGENTS WANTED!

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address Erie Sewing Machine Company, E. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio.
Sept. 12-1y.]

SEED POTATOES.—A lot of fine PINK EYES and NESHANNOCKS just received, in fine order. J. & J. LOWTHER.
Altoona, April 10, 1862.-3t

HAIR OILS, COLOGNES, POMades, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by G. W. KESSLER.
1-tf.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses and Shoulder Braces for sale at G. W. KESSLER'S.
1-tf

TRIBUNE DIRECTORY.

CHURCHES, MINISTERS, &C.

PRESBYTERIAN.—Rev. —— BAIRD, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting in the Lecture Room every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School in same room at 9½ o'clock in the morning.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Rev. W. LEE SCOTTWOOD, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting in the Lecture Room every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.—Sabbath School in the same room at 2 o'clock P. M.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN.—Rev. C. L. REHRENFELD, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting in the Lecture Room every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.—Sabbath School in same room at 9 o'clock A. M.

BAPTIST.—Rev. A. H. SZESZWAN, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock A. M.

UNITED BRETHREN.—Rev. SAMUEL KEPHART, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting in the Lecture Room every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School in the same room at 9 o'clock in the morning.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.—(No regular Pastor.)—Preaching on Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock A. M.

ENGLISH CATHOLIC.—Rev. JOHN TUIGG, Pastor.—Divine services every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock and in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Sabbath School at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

GERMAN CATHOLIC.—Rev. ——, Pastor.—Divine services every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Sabbath School at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

AFRICAN METHODIST.—Rev. ALEXANDER JOHNSTON, Pastor.—Preaching every Fourth Sabbath in each month. Prayer Meeting every Friday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

RAIL ROAD SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 5, 1862. TRAINS will arrive at and leave Altoona Station as follows:

Express Train	East	arrives	8,20 P. M.,	leaves	8,40 P. M.
"	"	West	" 7,50 A. M.,	"	8,10 A. M.
Fast	"	East	" 12,55 A. M.,	"	1,00 A. M.
"	"	West	" 8,05 P. M.,	"	8,20 P. M.
Mail	"	East	" 7,30 A. M.,	"	7,45 A. M.
"	"	West	" 6,45 P. M.,	"	7,00 P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express, Fast, and Mail Train East and West.

The BRANCH TRAIN also makes one trip to Huntingdon, leaving Hollidaysburg at 10.15 A. M.—Altoona at 12.30 P. M.—and arriving at Huntingdon at 1.20 P. M.

RETURNING.—Leaves Huntingdon at 1.20 P. M.—Altoona at 3.15 P. M.—and arrives at Hollidaysburg at 3.45.

ENOCH LEWIS, *Gen'l Supt.*

MAILS CLOSE AND OPEN.

MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Way	7 15 A. M.
Western Way	7 30 "
Hollidaysburg	7 15 A. M. & 6 30 P. M.
Western Through	7 20 P. M.
Eastern Through	7 20 "

MAILS ARRIVE.

Hollidaysburg	7.20 A. M. & 6 45 P. M.
Western Through	7 30 A. M.
Eastern Through	7 50 "
Western Way	8 20 P. M.
Eastern Way	6 45 "

OFFICE HOURS:—During the week, from 6 45 A. M. till 7 30 P. M. On Sundays, from 7 45 till 9 00 A. M.

GEO. W. PATTON P. M.

MEETINGS OF ASSOCIATIONS.

MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 281. A. Y. M., meets on second Tuesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M., in the third story of the Masonic Temple.

MOUNTAIN R. A. CHAPTER, No. 189. R. A. C., meets on the first Thursday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M., in same room as above.

MOUNTAIN COUNCIL, No. 9. R. & S. M., meets on the first Monday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M., in same room as above.

MOUNTAIN COMMANDERY, No. 10, K. T. meets on the fourth Tuesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M., in same room as above.

ALTOONA LODGE, No. 478, I. O. of O. F., meets every Friday evening, at 7½ o'clock, in the second story of the Masonic Temple.

VERANDA LODGE, No. 532, I. O. of O. F., meets every Monday evening, at 7½ o'clock, in third story of Patton's Building, on Virginia street.

WINNEBAGO TRIBE, No. 35, I. O. R. M., meets every Tuesday evening in the second story of Masonic Temple. Council fire kindled at 7th run 30th breath.

ALTOONA DIVISION, No. 131, S. of T., meets every Saturday evening, at 7 o'clock, in the second story of the Masonic Temple.

STATE OFFICERS.

Governor—Andrew G. Curtin.
Secretary of State—Wm. Riter.
Attorney General—William M. Meredith.
Auditor General—Thomas E. Cochran.
Surveyor General—William L. Wright.
Adjutant General—E. M. Biddle.
State Treasurer—Henry D. Moore.

BLAIR COUNTY OFFICERS.

Judges of the Courts.—President Judge, Hon George Taylor. Associates, Samuel Dean, Adam Moses.
State Senator—Hon. Lewis W. Hall.
Assemblyman—Thaddeus Banks.
Prothonotary—Anthony S. Morrow.
Register and Recorder—Hugh A. Caldwell.
Sheriff—Samuel McCamant. Deputy—John Marks.
District Attorney—Benjamin L. Hewit.
County Commissioners—George L. Cowan, George Koon, Simon M. Kinkaid.
County Surveyor—James L. Gwin.
Treasurer—John McKeage.
Poor House Directors—Peter Good, William Burley, David Arnold.
County Auditors—A. M. Lloyd, Robt. M. Messimer, L. L. Shoe.
Coroner—A. J. Freeman.
Superintendent of Common Schools—John Mitchell.

ALTOONA BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Justice of the Peace—Jacob M. Cherry, John W. Humes.
Burgess—John Allison.
Town Council—A. A. Smyth, Daniel Laughman, John Longen, Jacob Hesser, C. R. Hostetter, N. J. Mervine.
Clerk to Council—S. M. Woodcock.
Borough Treasurer—Daniel Laughman.
School Directors—H. C. Dern, John Shoemaker, J. B. Hileman, Wm. Boyden, James Lowther, E. A. Beck.
Treasurer of School Board—J. B. Hileman.
High Constable—Joseph K. Ely.
Collector of State, County, Borough and School Tax—Jos. K. Ely.
Auditors—John A. Nichols, C. J. Mann, Alex. McCormick
Assessor—Daniel Price.
Assistant Assessors—Jacob Hesser, J. L. Reifsnyder.
Judges of Elections—East Ward—John B. Warfel.
" " West Ward—Michael Clabaugh.
" " North Ward—John Shoemaker.
Inspectors—East Ward—Wm. Rodamer, John Hickey.
" West Ward—Geo. W. Kessler, Jno. Bahmar.
" North Ward—Robt. Green, Alex. McCormick.

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!!

Virginia St., Altoona, Pa.

D. W. A. BELFORD, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "EMPORIUM OF FASHION" would respectfully announce to the public that he has received a large invoice of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,

and a general assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Collars, Neck-Ties, Suspenders,
Hosiery, Handkerchiefs,
&c., &c., &c.,

intended for the Spring and Summer trade.

The proprietor of the Emporium invites an examination of his stock, feeling confident that his shelves present a greater variety of plain and fancy goods than can be found elsewhere in the country. An examination will convince any one of this fact.

He has also received the

LATEST FASHION,

and having a skilful "Cutter," he has no hesitancy in saying that he can make up clothing in the fashion, and in a manner that can not fail to prove satisfactory. It has passed into a proverb that

Belford's the very man that can make,
Clothes in the fashion, strong and cheap;
All that have ever tried him yet,
Say that he really cant be beat.

Remember the place, Virginia street, first door above Logan's Hall, Altoona, Pa. [April 17, '62.

INSTRUCTIONS IN MUSIC.—Mrs. ——, Music Teacher, Residence on Virginia street, three doors North of the Lutheran Church, Altoona. Terms—$10 per term ($5 invariably in advance) for instructions either on the Piano, Guitar, Melodeon, or Organ. Madame B. has had the advantage of a first-class European Musical education, and is known to be a competent teacher.

Reference for the use of the instrument or for instructions in vocal music.

Altoona, Feb. 20, 1862.—3 mos.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paints, also Chrome Green, Yellow, Paris Green, Dry and Ground in Oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING neatly and expeditiously executed at the "ALTOONA TRIBUNE" OFFICE.

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

MOUTH WASH,

A SURE REMEDY FOR A

BAD BREATH,

SORE MOUTHS,

CANKER.

DISEASED BLEEDING GUMS,

NURSING SORE MOUTH,

And the best specific now in use for *any* diseased condition of the mouth. It is particularly beneficial to persons wearing

ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

completely destroying every taint of the mouth, absorbing and removing all impurities, insuring

A SWEET BREATH

to all who use it. No YOUNG LADY or YOUNG GENTLEMAN who is afflicted with

A BAD BREATH

should delay applying this remedy, for it is a certain cure, and is approved and recommended by every physician under whose notice it has been brought.

A BAD BREATH is an offence for which there is no excuse while

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

MOUTH WASH

can be procured.

Many persons carry with them a bad breath, greatly to the annoyance and often to the disgust of those with whom they come in contact, without being conscious of the fact. To relieve this,

USE DR. WM. B. HURD'S MOUTH WASH.

Cleanliness of the mouth is of great importance to the general health, which is often affected, and not unfrequently seriously impaired, through want of proper attention to this subject.

Use Dr. Wm. B. Hurd's Mouth Wash.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office No. 77, Fourth Street, Brooklyn, E. D.

PRICE 37 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

A liberal discount made to Dealers.

Address Principal Office, Tribune Buildings, No. 1, Spruce Street, New York.

Sold in Philadelphia by Dyott & Co 232 North 2d Street; O S Hubbell, 1410 Chestnut street, and by all Druggists. Sold in Altoona by G W Kessler.

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

TOOTH POWDER.

This Powder possesses the

CARBONIC WITHOUT THE INJURIOUS PROPERTIES OF CHARCOAL.

ITS ACTION BEING ENTIRELY MECHANICAL—POLISHING WITHOUT WEARING THE ENAMEL.

Dr. Wm. B. Hurd's Tooth Powder

is Recommended by all Eminent Dentists.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, No. 77, Fourth Street, Brooklyn, E. D.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.

A liberal discount made to Dealers.

Address Principal Office, Tribune Buildings, No. 1, Spruce Street, New York.

Sold in Philadelphia by Dyott & Co., 232 North 2d Street; O. S. Hubbell, 1410 Chestnut Street, and by all Druggists. Sold in Altoona by G W Kessler

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

TOOTH-ACHE DROPS,

FOR THE CURE OF

TOOTHACHE

produced by exposed nerves.

It is particularly adapted to all cases of children afflicted with

TOOTHACHE.

Parents can relieve themselves from that distressing weariness caused by

LOSS OF SLEEP,

and their children from great suffering, by keeping a bottle of

Dr. Wm. B. Hurd's Toothache Drops

in the house.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, No. 77, Fourth Street, Brooklyn, E. D.

PRICE ONLY 12½ CTS. PER BOTTLE.

A liberal discount made to Dealers.

Address Principal Office, Tribune Buildings, No. 1, Spruce Street, New York.

Sold in Philadelphia by Dyott & Co., 232 North 2d Street; O. S. Hubbell, 1410 Chestnut Street, and by all Druggists. Sold in Altoona by G. W. Kessler.

Nov. 21, 1861-1y.

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

Neuralgia Plasters,

FOR THE CURE OF

NEURALGIA,

or Toothache produced by colds.

LOCAL NEURALGIA

is immediately cured by their application.

They act like a charm, and are perfectly harmless in their nature; do not produce a blister, and leave no unpleasant results.

Dr. Wm. B. Hurd's Neuralgia Powders

never fail to give satisfaction to all who test their virtue.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, No. 77, Fourth Street, Brooklyn, E. D.

PRICE ONLY 15 CENTS EACH.

Address Principal Office, Tribune Buildings, No. 1, Spruce Street, New York.

Sold in Philadelphia by Dyott & Co., 232 North 2d Street; O. S. Hubbell, 1410 Chestnut Street, and by all Druggists. Sold in Altoona by G. W. Kessler.

Nov. 21, 1861-1y.

NORTH WARD AHEAD!

NEW SPRING and SUMMER GOODS AT OLD PRICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country that he has just returned from the east, where he has been selecting his stock of Spring and Summer Goods, which for style, quality and Price cannot be surpassed in this neck of country. His stock is much larger than heretofore, and, as it is quite an object in these war-exciting times for every one to purchase where they can get the BEST article at the LOWEST PRICE, he would say that he can and will sell AS LOW, if not A LITTLE LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE in this place. He wishes all to call and see his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels confident he can offer inducements which will DEFY COMPETITION. His stock consists of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR,

LADIES' AND MISSES' DRESS SHOES.
MEN AND BOYS' BOOTS AND SHOES,
MEN AND WOMEN'S HOSE. HATS AND CAPS,

Ginghams, Lawns, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Dried Peaches and Dried Apples. Plain and Canvassed Hams, &c., &c., &c.

He will sell the AMERICAN PRINTS at		12½ cents.
FAST MADDER COLORS,		10 "
FANCY DELAINES,	from 12½ to	25 "
Fine Bleached MUSLINS	yard wide,	12½ "
" "	⅝ "	10 "
" "	½ "	8½ "
Heavy Unbl'ched "	yard "	12½ "
" "	⅞ "	10 "
LAWNS,	from 8 to 12	"
LADIES' SLIPPERS,	from 40 to 50	"
" Fine, French, Sewed, Heeled BOOTEES.		$1 25
" Pegged		1 00
MEN'S CALF BOOTS,		2 75
" GOAT "		2 50
BOYS' GOAT. (Nos. 4 and 5.)		1 50
MEN AND BOYS' OXFORD TIES, from 75 cents to		1 00
MEN'S CALF MONROES,		1 00

All sizes of MISSES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES, very low.

GROCERIES Rio Coffee at 20 cents, White Sugar 11 and 12½ cents, Brown Sugar from 7 to 10 cts.; Best Honey and Lovering's Syrup, at 60 cts.; Sugar House Molasses, 40 cts. Baking Molasses, 31 to 40 cts.; together with Cedar and Willow Ware; Flour, Feed, &c., and all other articles of Goods just as low as any other house can sell. Please call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

J. A. SPRANKLE.

Altoona, May 1, 1862.] North Ward.

AROUSH, DRUGGIST, takes this opportunity of returning his thanks to the citizens of this place and vicinity, for the liberal patronage they have bestowed on him, and desires to inform the public in general, that he still continues

At his Old Place of Business,

A few Doors above the Post-Office,

where he is at all times prepared to attend to their wants in his line of business, consisting of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, OILS,
PAINTS, PUTTY,
VARNISHES,
DYE-STUFFS, PERFUMERY,
PATENT MEDICINES,
EXTRACTS,
CARBON OIL AND LAMPS.
SWEET-BRIAR PIPES,
CHOICE SMOKING TOBACCO.

LIQUORS,

FOR MEDICINAL USE, ALWAYS ON HAND.

Physicains Prescriptions

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED,
AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT.

Altoona, Pa., April 17, 1862.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION, AND

No Humbug or Clap-Trap!

WITH A VIEW OF QUITTING THE DRY GOODS BUSINESS the coming season, I now offer my stock of

WINTER GOODS AT COST!

And I feel confident that I can make it to the interest of any person in need of such goods, to call and examine Goods and Prices. They were all bought for nett CASH, and BEFORE THE ADVANCE, in the Fall, consequently, they are MUCH CHEAPER than they will be had another season.

☞ I intend to pay strict attention, hereafter, to the

HARDWARE

branch of my business; and hope, by keeping none but

The Best Make of Tools,

and buying direct from the Manufacturers, to convince our Mechanics that they can buy as ch ap from me as they can in the City.

My stock of BUILDERS' HARDWARE generally, SHOEMAKERS' FINDINGS, COFFIN TRIMMINGS, TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY, &C., &C., will always be found complete.

CHAS. J. MANN.

ALTOONA, March 6th. 1862.

ALTOONA HIGH SCHOOL.

PROF. JOHN MILLER, PRINCIPAL.

THE FIRST SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL will commence on *MONDAY*, Nov. 4th. The established reputation of Prof. Miller as an accomplished scholar and successful Teacher is a sure guarantee to parents, guardians and others, that the school will be so conducted as to give full satisfaction

TERMS PER SESSION OF TWENTY WEEKS.

For English Grammar, Geography, Composition, Natural Philosophy, Mental and Advanced Arithmetic, Geometry, Trigonometry, Latin and Greek	$12 50
For German or French	5 00
For Music	5 00

☞ Payment of subscription to be made *monthly* to the School Directors.

DR. CALDERWOOD offers his Professional Services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity. Office on *Virginia Street*, nearly opposite C. J. Mann's Store.

REFERENCES:

J. B. LUDER, M. D., Huntingdon.
JNO. MCCULLOCH, M. D., "
H. T. COFFEY, " Pittsburgh.
Rev. J. B CHRIST, Birmingham.
Rev. THOMAS STEVENSON, Tyrone City.
JACOB BURLEY, "
C. GUTES, "
W. BURLEY, "
M. H. JOLLY, "

Altoona, May 9th, 1861-1y*

COAL.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR EVERY family to get in their supply of coal for the Winter, and the subscribar would therefore inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that he is prepared to supply them, on short notice, with a superior article of ANTHRACITE and ALLEGHENY BITUMINOUS COAL. He will sell it by the Train, Car, or Cart Load, or by the bushel, delivered at the door of the purchaser.

☞ Yard on the North side of the Railroad—upper end of Altoona Yard. H. R. MYERS.

July 25, 1861.-tf.

WALL PAPER AND BORDER.—We invite the attention of persons in want of the above article, to our

IMMENSE STOCK, JUST RECEIVED

from the manufacturers in New York, which enables us to sell on much better terms than those who buy in small lots from second hands. Our stock consists of ALL THE NEWEST STYLES & PATTERNS, and ranging in price from six cents up to fifty cents per peice. J. & J. LOWTHER.

Altoona, March 27th, 1862—3mos.

W.M. S. BITTNER,

Dental Surgeon,

OFFICE IN MASONIC TEMPLE, next door to the Post Office.

Teeth extracted without pain by the Current Electro-Magnetic Machine.

J. G. ADLUM,

Notary Public,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman. October 1, 1857.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

Spring & Summer Goods!!!

J. B. HILEMAN has just received a large and well selected stock of Goods, consisting of Cloths, Plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Beaverteens, Blue Drilling, and all other kinds of Goods for

MEN AND BOYS' WEAR,

together with a grand and magnificent assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Such as Black and Fancy Silks, Challies, Berages, Brilliants, Lawns, Delaines, Chintzs, DeBeges, Crapes, Prints, Crape and Stella Shawls, Mantillas, Undersleeves and Hosiery, Bonnets and Ribbons, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Hooped Skirts, Skirting, Lace Mitts, &c., &c.

ALSO,

Tickings, Checks, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Table Diaper, Crash, Nankeen, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES,
HARDWARE. QUEENSWARE,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE.
OIL CLOTHS. CARPETS, &C.

GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is more extensive than ever, and consists of Rio and Java Coffee, Crushed, Loaf and N O. Sugars; Green, Y. H. and Black Teas; Molasses, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Fish, &c.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he hopes by strict attention to business, and an endeavor to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Call and examine his Stock, and you will be convinced that he has the best assortment and cheapest Goods in the market.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.

Altoona, April 4, 1862.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINE.

R. A. O. KERR,

ALTOONA, PA.,

Agent for Blair County.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

THESE MACHINES ARE ADMITTED to be the best ever offered to the public, and their superiority is satisfactorily established by the fact that in the last eight years,

OVER 1,400 MORE

of these Machines have been sold than of any other manufactured, and more medals have been awarded the proprietors by different Fairs and Institutes than to any others. The Machines are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. They are now in use in several families in Altoona, and in every case they give entire satisfaction.

The Agent refers those desiring information as the superiority of the Machines, to Col. John L. Piper, Rev. A. B. Clark, George Hawkesworth, Benj. F. Rose, and E. H. Turner, Esqrs.

The machines can be seen and examined at the store of the Agent, at Altoona.

Price of No. 1 Machine, silver plated, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$65. No. 2, ornamental bronze, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$55. No. 3, plain, with old style Hemmer—$45. [March 21, 1861-tf.

THE HEROES OF PEACE

AND

THE HEROES OF WAR.

E. ANTHONY, 501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, is now publishing, in addition to other portraits, the celebrated collection known in Europe and America as

BRADY'S NATIONAL PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAIT GALLERY,

in which is included Portraits of nearly all the PROMINENT MEN OF AMERICA, not excepting Jeff. Davis, Gen. Beauregard, Floyd, and a host of other confederates. Price of Portraits $3.00 per dozen. Can be sent by mail.

Scenes of the War for the Union,

are published, card size, and in stereoscopic form,

ALSO,

Stereoscopic Views of Scenes in Paris, London, and in other parts of England and France; in Scotland, Ireland, Wales, Holland, Switzerland, Spain, on the Rhine, in Athens, Egypt, Turkey, the Holy Land, China, India, Cuba, &c., *ad infinitum.*

OUR INSTANTANEOUS STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS

Are the Greatest Wonder of the Age.

These are taken in the fortieth part of a second, and the rushing of water, the moving of leaves, or the march of an army, does not in the slightest degree affect the taking of these views. They are sold for $3.00 per dozen.

We have also on hand and manufacture the largest assortment of Stereoscopes, Photographic Albums, and Photographic Materials in the United States, and perhaps in the world.

CATALOGUES, containing lists of our Portraits, Views, Stereoscopes, &c., sent free by mail, on receipt of a stamp.

E. ANTHONY, 501 Broadway,
Aug8-1y near St. Nicholas, New York.

LABOR-SAVING WASHING MACHINE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING purchased the right for Blair county, of

Tolhurst's Improved Washing Machine,

are now manufacturing them at Altoona, and intend to supply them to those persons throughout the county who desire a LABOR-SAVING MACHINE.

This machine is got up on an entirely new principle, and is considered, by those who have seen it in use, the best that has ever been brought before the public.

Among the many advantages of this machine over all others may be mentioned the following:

1st. Its simplicity of construction, making it almost impossible to get out of order.

2d. Its speed, which astonishes alike the operator and the looker on.

3rd. The facility with which it adapts itself to the bulk or quntity of clothes desired to be washed.

4th. It washes equally well the finest and lightest fabric or the coarsest and heaviest, such as bed-quilts, comforts, blankets, &c.

McMINN & DERN.
Altoona, Blair County, Pa.

We the undersigned, hereby certify that we are now using Tolhurst's Improved Washing Machine and are fully satisfied that it is a very excellent article of the kind; combining as it does great speed with little labor, and performing its work in the most satisfactory manner. We therefore cheerfully recommend it to all who desire a real labor-saving washing machine.

JOHN WOODS. EMILE TIETZE.
MICHAEL CALVERT. THOS. MCAULEY.
JOSEPH G. ADLUM. DANIEL PRICE.
R. A. O. KERR.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1859.-1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

W. M. LLOYD & CO.,
ALTOONA, PA.,
JOHNSTON, JACK & CO.,
HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.

BANKERS,

(Late "Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co.")

DRAFTS ON THE PRINCIPAL Cities, and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Moneys received on deposite, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates. Feb. 3d, 1859.

TIMBER AND FARM LAND WANTED.

$3,000.—A general assortment of PAINTS to this amount, of all colors, *DRY and in OIL*, well suited for Country Trade, will be exchanged for Real Estate, at wholesale prices. Improved property preferred.

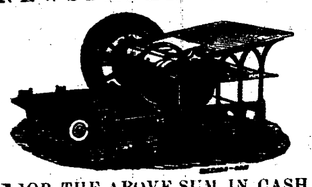
J. WHITE,
124 North Twelfth street, Philadelphia.
Nov. 7, 1861.-6 mos.

BLANKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS neatly and expediciously executed at this office.

CAMPBELL'S

SIX HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLAR

NEWSPAPER PRESS.



FOR THE ABOVE SUM IN CASH I will furnish one of my superior NEWSPAPER PRESSES, that can be driven by hand with ease at the rate of

SEVEN HUNDRED SHEETS PER HOUR.

on any kind of a job from a colored poster down, and do its work as well as any cylinder Press in the world.

Bed 31 x 46 inches, rolls a form 27 x 44 inches with two rollers, weighs, boxed for shipment, 4200 lbs, and can be put up and set running by any ordinary printer.

There is included with the Press, one rubber blanket, two sets roller-stocks, and two roller-moulds.

Boxing and carting, $25 extra.

I have issued a specimen done on this press, in pamphlet form, containing a cut of it, and will take great pleasure in sending a copy to those who have not received it, on the receipt of a paper from them.

Any publisher inserting this advertisement, to the amount of $10, and sending me a paper containing it, will be allowed the amount of their bill towards payment on one of my presses, if ordered after one year from September 1, 1861. If ordered within one year, $20 will be allowed for the bill. If ordered within six months $30 will be allowed. And if within three months, $40 will be allowed for the bill.

THESE ARE WAR TIMES AND WAR PRICES.

You will find it for your interest to communicate directly with me, as I warrant the press to be all I represent it, which your merchant can easily find out for you if you are a total stranger in New York. For further particulars please address

A CAMPBELL,
No. 16. Spruce street, N. Y.

Sept. 19, 1861.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Aug. 19. 1858-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,

The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!

I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor, as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to fit me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 26-5m JACOB SNYDER.

Stoves, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

SPOUTING, &C.

S. RIGG WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves*, of all styles and sizes, to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.

He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware*, consisting of all articles for culinary purposes—*Coal Scuttles, Stove Pipe, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of R. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE STUFFER,

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

☞ Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. [april 14, 1859-1y

GROCERY, PROVISION

AND

WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM the public that he has purchased the interest of A. MILLIRON in the Grocery and Provision Store heretofore kept by them on Virginia street, below Caroline St., where he will continue the business, and will keep constantly on hand a large supply of

FLOUR, HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES
DRIED BEEF, FISH, SALT, MOLASSES, COFFEE, TEA,
SUGAR, SPICES, CONFECTIONARIES,

and everything usually kept in Grocery and Provision Stores, all of which he receives fresh from the eastern and western cities, and will sell at the most reasonable prices.

Having recently obtained license to sell liquor by wholesale, I will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of liquors of the best qualities to be had.

I respectfully solicit a share of public custom.

July 12, 1861-tf.] J. BERKOWITZ.

MORE GOOD NEWS!

The undersigned has just received from the East a large and varied assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND

VESTING,

material for

FINE AND COARSE

OVERCOATS,

material for

BOYS' CLOTHING.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

such as Undershirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Neck-ties, Handkerchiefs &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

All work ordered will be made up in the very best style, according to the latest fashions, on short notice.

Nov. 1, 1860-tf THOMAS ELWAY.

SOMETHING NEW.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST returned from the east where he has purchased a very large and fine stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,
BROGANS, GAITERS, &C.,

which he is prepared to offer to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity at very low prices. Having purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash, he is prepared to sell at prices that will defy competition. All that he asks is that the people will call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ BOOTS and SHOES made to order on the most reasonable terms. Also, repairing promptly attended to.

Don't forget the place, two doors below Post Office.

Jan. 3, 1861. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

VAN ANDEN'S PATENT

PORTABLE COPYING PRESS.

HANNAH & CO.,

Sole Proprietors, 29 Cliff St., New York.

TWO SIZES.....$1.00 & 1.25.

ON RECEIPT OF PRICE A PRESS WILL be mailed to any address, postage paid. Descriptive Circulars sent if requested. Stationers and Agents supplied on liberal terms.

☞ Extraordinary inducements offered to intelligent Agents. [May 1st, '62—3m.]

OYES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [Jan. 2 '56.

HUTTER'S

STATE CAPITOL

Book Bindery,

AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY.

No. 54 Market St., Harrisburg, Pa.

This establishment is chiefly devoted to the manufacture of Blank Books for Banks, County Offices, Railroad Companies, and private individuals. In all of these the very best of stock and workmanship will be relied upon. Blank Books ruled, ... and bound to any desired pattern. Sheriff's ... and Justices Dockets of all sizes, made ... The Tri-ennial and Yearly Assessments, Registers, &c., for county purposes, printed or plain, ruled and bound to order. County Dockets made of the best linen paper.

Librarians, and others, desiring to have their Books well bound and at moderate prices, should give us a call. Newspapers of the largest sizes, Harper's Weekly, Gleason's Pictorial, Ballous, Scientific American, London News, bound to order, and in any style required. Harper's Monthly Magazine, Knickerbocker, Blackwood's and Graham's Magazines, Godey's Lady's Book, Lady's Repository, Peterson's Magazine, Piano Music, &c., bound in extra styles, or the more plain and substantial half binding. Select Pamphlets, Law Magazines, Pamphlet laws, bound in good Library style, at very moderate prices. Persons having a number of volumes to bind, will receive a liberal discount. Binding can safely be sent to us from a distance by Express, and all work entrusted to our care will be neatly, duly executed, safely packed and returned by Express.—All work warranted. Address F. L. HUTTER,
Harrisburg, Pa.

☞ McCRUM & DERN, at the *Tribune* Office, are my agents for Altoona, and vicinity. They will give information in relation to binding, and receive and return books free from extra charges, for all who entrust their work to my care. [March 21, 1861-ly

HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS

JOHN McKEAGE, SUCCESSOR TO A. W. Kinney, Manufacturer of all kinds of ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK, PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL. All work finished at this establishment warranted to give satisfaction. Hollidaysburg, Dec. 20, 1858-tf.

CROCERY AND BAKERY!

THE UNDERSIGNED ANNOUNCES to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has just received a large invoice of

FRUITS, CONFECTIONARIES, NUTS, SPICES

and notions for children &c., expressly for the Holidays.

He will also keep always on hand a good stock of plain and fancy cakes, of his own manufacture.

LEMONS, PRUNES, RAISINS, &C.

always on hand at all seasons of the year.

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molas